40-128  APPLICANT'S STATEMENT OF FACTS  40-128

.1  Filing the Statement of Facts

.11  The applicant, in support of his/her application, shall complete, sign, and file with the county the
Statement of Facts (CA 2) supporting his/her eligibility for assistance. The statement may be
filed with the county at the time of application or at any subsequent time prior to completion of
the determination of eligibility. In case of an applicant in "immediate need," see Section 40-129.

.111  A copy of the completed Statement of Facts is to be given to the applicant if he/she so
desires or to the guardian, conservator, or other person who completed the original.

.112  Two copies of the Statement of Facts shall be available to applicants and recipients on
request, but only one copy of the Statement of Facts shall be required to be completed,
signed, and returned to the county welfare department.

.12  Minor Parent Residing with Unaided Senior Parent(s).

.121  The minor parent (see Section 44-133.71) who applies for aid while residing in the same
household as his/her unaided senior parent(s) must report the income of his/her parent(s).

In addition to the form CA 2 or CA 20, the minor parent shall submit a complete
Supplement to the Statement of Facts (CA 23) to the county welfare department. The
minor parent is responsible for obtaining all information necessary to complete the
CA 23 and for obtaining the necessary verification from the senior parent(s). The
information and the submitted verification must provide the county welfare department
with the facts necessary to make a correct eligibility and grant determination.

.122  Failure to provide a complete CA 23 (as defined in .121 above) shall result in the denial
of aid to the minor parent and child in accordance with Section 40-105.1.

.13  Aliens Sponsored by Agencies or Organizations

.131  An alien sponsored by an agency or organization (See Section 43-119.3) who applies for
aid shall provide the County Welfare Department (CWD) with a statement of the ability
of the sponsor to meet his/her needs. As a part of his/her application for aid on the form
CA 2 or CA 20, the sponsored alien shall submit a complete Form CA 24 (Sponsoring
Agency or Organization's Statement of Facts Regarding Ability to Meet the Alien's
Needs) to the CWD. The alien is responsible for ensuring that the CA 24 is complete.
.132 Failure to provide a complete CA 24 (as defined in .131 above) shall result in the denial of aid to the alien.

.14 A change in an aid recipient's status from that of a medically needy person certified for medical assistance to that of a grant recipient requires a new application. A Statement of Facts (CA 2) is required before a cash grant is authorized for such person only in circumstances described in Section 40-183.5.

.2 Who May Sign the AFDC Statement of Facts

Every effort should be made to obtain the parent's or guardian's signature on the Statement of Facts (CA 2) regardless of who signs the application (CA 1). However, a relative or the social service agency representative who has responsibility for the care and supervision of the child may sign the CA 2 in the following instances:

.21 The child has been relinquished for adoption.

.22 There is no parent or guardian.

.23 The parent has been legally deprived of the child's custody.

.24 The parent cannot be located or is not available to sign. The parent may be deemed unavailable to sign if he/she is physically or mentally incapable of signing. In all situations where the child is living with someone other than the parent, then the parent may be deemed unavailable to sign if (1) his/her whereabouts are unknown, (2) he/she refuses to sign, or (3) he/she refuses to cooperate in providing necessary information.

(See Section 40-131 regarding interview requirement.)

.25 At county option, the placement worker shall have the authority to complete an FC 2 in place of the CA 2 under the following circumstances:

.251 The child is relinquished for adoption.

.252 The parent is unavailable to sign, as described in .24 above.

.253 There is no parent or guardian.
40-128 APPLICANT'S STATEMENT OF FACTS (Continued) 40-128

.3 Repealed by Manual Letter No. EAS-86-01 (effective 1/17/86).

.4 When the Statement of Facts and other documents are to be completed by a representative of the county on behalf of the applicant or recipient, that representative shall be the person with responsibility for the care and supervision of the applicant or recipient, and another representative of the county shall then countersign and approve any recommendation for authorization of aid payments. (See Section 40-131 regarding interview requirement.)


40-129 IMMEDIATE NEED 40-129

.1 Definitions

.11 "Apparent Eligibility" means that the information provided on the Statement of Facts and information otherwise available to the county indicates that the applicant would be eligible for aid if the information on the Statement of Facts were verified.

.12 "Applicant" means the person or family making, or on whose behalf is made, a request for AFDC by filing an application.

.13 An "Emergency Situation" means one or more of the following exist:

.131 Lack of Housing - The applicant is homeless as defined in MPP 44-211.511.

.132 Pending Eviction - The applicant has received any type of eviction notice, including a three-day notice to pay or quit, evicting the family from its current residence.

.133 Lack of Food - The applicant does not have enough food to sustain the family for a period of three calendar days.

.134 Utility Shutoff Notice - The applicant has received a notice of termination of utility service or such service has been terminated.

.135 Transportation - The applicant is unable to meet essential transportation needs such as those relating to food, medical care, or job opportunity.
.136 Clothing - The applicant lacks essential clothing such as diapers or clothing needed for inclement weather.

.137 Other - The applicant has other emergencies of similar importance to the family's immediate health and safety.

.14 "Home" means any location where a family resides.

.15 "Liquid Resources" means exempt and nonexempt items of value belonging to persons who would be included in the assistance unit which are immediately available and reasonably convertible to cash in time to meet the emergency situation.

.151 Liquid resources shall include but are not limited to cash, negotiable securities, and similar resources.

.152 Liquid resources do not include the cash surrender value of insurance policies, trust deeds, household items and furnishings, personal effects, motor vehicles, or real property.

.2 Eligibility for an Immediate Need Payment

.21 Eligibility for an Immediate Need payment exists when the applicant meets all of the following conditions:

.211 Is apparently eligible for AFDC.

(a) An alien applicant who does not provide verification of his/her eligible alien status is not apparently eligible.

(b) A woman with no eligible children who does not provide medical verification of pregnancy as specified in MPP 44-205.642 is not apparently eligible.

.212 Has an emergency situation, without regard to whether it could have been anticipated, which cannot be addressed by the issuance of food stamps or homeless assistance or by referral to a community resource as specified in MPP 40-129.6.

.213 Has resources that do not exceed the resource limitation as specified in MPP 40-129.22.
.214 Has complied with the following technical conditions for AFDC:

(a) Social security enumeration, application for unconditionally available income (including UIB), work registration of the principal earner who is exempt from GAIN due to remoteness, work registration of the nonfederal principal earner, and cooperation with the District Attorney in accordance with MPP 43-201.1.

(1) AFDC and Immediate Need case processing shall continue pending the applicant's verification of his/her completion of any technical condition of eligibility required.

.22 Resource Limitation

.221 When the emergency situation involves transportation, liquid resources must be less than the cost of the emergency.

.222 When the emergency situation is a pending eviction, liquid resources together with income must be less than the rent owing.

.223 For all other emergency situations, liquid resources must be less than $100.

.23 If eligible, the Immediate Need payment is:

.231 The amount of the grant to which the applicant family would be entitled for the month of application computed in accordance with MPP 44-315.5 or $200, whichever is less.

.24 The family shall be eligible for a second Immediate Need payment when:

.241 A second request is made; and

.242 The applicant remains apparently eligible; and

.243 The AFDC check has not yet been issued; and

.244 The family emergency continues or a new emergency has arisen; and

.245 The Immediate Need payment issued in the previous month was approved for an amount less than $200.

.25 In no event shall the combined amount of the Immediate Need payments exceed $200.
.3 Immediate Need Payment Requests

.31 A family may request an Immediate Need payment any time during the application process.

.311 The application process begins the date the county receives a completed application and continues until the AFDC application is approved and aid is issued or until the application is denied or withdrawn.

.32 At the time of application, every applicant shall be given the opportunity to request an Immediate Need payment by completing the Immediate Need section of the application.

.321 The county shall encourage applicants who indicate that they are in an emergency situation to complete the Immediate Need section of the application.

.322 If an applicant indicates verbally or in writing that he/she has an emergency situation, after the application has been submitted, the county shall provide the applicant with the Immediate Need Payment Request (CA 4, 9/90).

.323 The Immediate Need Payment Request (CA 4, 9/90) shall only be required for applicants who request an Immediate Need payment after the initial application.

.33 The county shall not complete the Immediate Need section of the application or the Immediate Need Payment Request (CA 4, 9/90), except at the applicant's specific request.

.34 All Immediate Need payment requests received during regular business hours shall be accepted on that date.

.341 In no event shall any person wishing to file a request for an Immediate Need payment be denied the right to do so.

.342 The county shall not ask an applicant to withdraw an Immediate Need payment request.

.35 The applicant shall be given a copy of the application or the Immediate Need Payment Request (CA 4, 9/90) when it is received by the county indicating the date of receipt.

.4 The Immediate Need Interview

.41 If the applicant indicates on the initial application or the Immediate Need Payment Request (CA 4, 9/90) that the family has an emergency situation as defined in MPP 40-129.13, the county shall conduct an Immediate Need interview no later than the next working day following the date the Immediate Need request is received.
.411 When feasible, the county should conduct the interview the same day the Immediate Need payment is requested, but no later than the next working day.

.412 The face-to-face interview shall be conducted in accordance with MPP 40-131.

.413 During the Immediate Need interview, the county shall review:

(a) The completed Statement of Facts; and

(b) The application or, if applicable, the completed Immediate Need Payment Request (CA 4, 9/90).

.414 To the extent that it is reasonable for the county to expect the applicant to do so within the Immediate Need time frame, the applicant shall provide all documentation necessary to verify the family's eligibility for AFDC.

(a) The county shall not deny an Immediate Need payment because the applicant failed to provide verification/documentation of eligibility for AFDC except as required under MPP 40-129.211(a) and (b) or when such verification is in the applicant's possession.

.5 Action on The Immediate Need Payment Request

.51 A determination of eligibility for an Immediate Need payment shall be made no later than the next working day following receipt of the request.

.52 When eligibility to an Immediate Need payment exists:

.521 And eligibility for AFDC is verified within the Immediate Need time frame specified in MPP 40-129.51, the county shall issue the regular aid payment to which the applicant is eligible in lieu of the Immediate Need payment.

(a) The aid payment shall be issued in the same manner as the Immediate Need payment in MPP 40-129.8.
40-129 IMMEDIATE NEED (Continued)

.522 And eligibility for AFDC is not verified within the Immediate Need time frame, the county shall issue the Immediate Need payment in accordance with MPP 40-129.8 unless the emergency situation is pending eviction and the applicant has requested an expedited determination of eligibility in accordance with MPP 40-129.7.

.523 The county shall notify the applicant in writing in accordance with MPP 22-001a.(1).

.53 When eligibility for an Immediate Need payment does not exist:

.531 The Immediate Need payment request shall be denied and the applicant notified in writing in accordance with MPP 22-001a.(1). Where notification is hand-delivered, a new Immediate Need Payment Request (CA 4, 9/90) shall also be given to the applicant.

.532 The AFDC eligibility determination process shall continue unless the family fails to meet financial eligibility or deprivation standards, in which case the AFDC application and the request for an Immediate Need payment may be denied concurrently.

.533 A denial of an Immediate Need payment request shall not constitute a basis for denial of the application for aid.

.534 The county shall deny the Immediate Need request in the following situations:

(a) The applicant is eligible for Immediate Need based on the need for food as defined in MPP 40-129.133 and the need for food has been met through the issuance of food stamps within one working day from the date of the Immediate Need request.
(1) In order for the request for an Immediate Need payment to be denied based on the issuance of food stamps to meet a food need, the applicant must be able to use the food stamps to feed the applicant and the applicant's family.

(2) For example, a family is living in a hotel which prohibits the family from bringing food into the room. In this situation, the food stamps will not meet the family's need for food unless the food stamps can be used to purchase prepared meals at a location reasonably accessible to the hotel. If such prepared meals are not available, the request for an Immediate Need payment cannot be denied based on the issuance of food stamps.

(b) The applicant is eligible for an Immediate Need payment based on homelessness as defined in MPP 44-211.511 and a homeless assistance payment has been issued within one working day of the Immediate Need request.

(c) The applicant is not apparently eligible in accordance with MPP 40-129.211.

(d) The county has concluded, based upon all available information, that the applicant does not have an emergency situation.

(e) The applicant is eligible for an Immediate Need payment based on an eviction as specified in MPP 40-129.132 and the applicant chooses an expedited eligibility determination for aid.

(f) The need has been met through a referral to a community resource made in accordance with MPP 40-129.6.

(g) The applicant is currently receiving AFDC or Refugee Cash Assistance.

(h) The Immediate Need request was made by an individual being added to an existing assistance unit.

(i) The Immediate Need request was made on behalf of a child placed in foster care.
40-129 IMMEDIATE NEED (Continued)

(j) The entire assistance unit is currently being sanctioned.

(k) The county is unable to establish the applicant's eligibility in the following circumstances:

(1) The applicant fails to cooperate as specified in MPP 40-129.214 or refuses to cooperate as specified in MPP 40-129.414(a).

(2) The applicant fails to keep the scheduled face-to-face interview.

.6 Referral to Community Resources

.61 The county shall have the option to refer the applicant to another public program or private resource to meet an emergency situation other than the need for shelter or food and the request for an Immediate Need payment may be denied, when all of the following conditions are met:

.611 During the application period not more than one referral is made and the referral, when made, is to meet no more than one need.

.612 The county has verified in advance that the specific need will be fully met by the public program or private resource by the end of the working day following the request for an Immediate Need payment. The case record shall be documented to show that the county has verified in advance that such need will be met.

.613 The family has the mental and physical capabilities to travel to the public program or private resource. Counties will complete the referral with due regard to the situation of the family as a whole.

.62 The county shall not refer the applicant to the public program or private resource when travel will create another emergency situation.

.63 When a referral to another public program or private resource is made, the county shall provide the applicant the following information in writing:

.631 The name, contact person, address and phone number of the public program or private resource, and

.632 The applicant's specific need that will be met by the referral to the public program or private resource, and

.633 If the other public program or private resource does not fully meet the applicant's need and the applicant returns within the Immediate Need time frame and remains eligible for an Immediate Need payment, the payment will be issued no later than the next working day following the date the county received the Immediate Need request.
40-129 IMMEDIATE NEED

.64 When the other public program or private resource does not fully meet the applicant's need and the applicant returns within the Immediate Need time frame, the county shall provide the applicant with an Immediate Need payment, providing the applicant remains eligible.

.65 When the other public program or private resource does not fully meet the applicant's need and the applicant returns after the Immediate Need time frame, the county shall provide the applicant with a new Immediate Need Payment Request (CA 4, 9/90).

.7 Expedited Determination of Eligibility

.71 If the emergency situation is an eviction, and the applicant is found to be eligible for an Immediate Need payment, the applicant shall be permitted to choose in writing either the Immediate Need payment or an expedited determination of AFDC cash aid eligibility when all of the following conditions are met:

.711 The applicant is in receipt of a notice of eviction, including a three-day notice to pay or quit; and

.712 The applicant has insufficient funds to pay the rent owing; and

.713 The applicant is currently residing in his/her home.

.72 Before the applicant chooses between the two options, the county shall inform the applicant in writing of the information and verification known to be necessary to determine eligibility for aid.

.73 The applicant's decision shall be documented in writing and retained in the case record.

.74 The expedited eligibility determination shall be completed and payment issued within three working days from the date of the Immediate Need payment request.

.75 The county shall issue the Immediate Need payment no later than the third working day if the eligibility determination cannot be completed.
.8 Payment Issuance

.81 If AFDC eligibility has not been verified, the county shall issue the Immediate Need payment as follows:

.811 If the office where the Immediate Need payment request is received has in-house payment issuance capabilities for AFDC FG and U, then the Immediate Need payment shall be hand-delivered to the applicant in that office.
(a) The county shall deliver the payment no later than the next working day following the day the county received the Immediate Need request.

.812 If the office where the Immediate Need payment request is received does not have in-house payment issuance capabilities, the applicant shall be given the choice of having the Immediate Need payment hand-delivered either at another specified location or to the applicant at the office where the application was filed.
(a) When an applicant chooses to receive payment at another specified location, the county shall deliver the payment no later than the next working day following the day the county received the Immediate Need request.
(b) When an applicant chooses to receive payment at the office where the application was filed, the county shall deliver the payment no later than the third working day following the day the county received the Immediate Need request.
(c) When the applicant fails to pick up the payment, the county shall deposit it in the mail no later than the end of the next working day.
(d) The applicant's choice of payment method shall be documented in the case record.

.9 Completion of the AFDC Eligibility Determination Process

.91 When an Immediate Need payment has been issued, the county shall verify the applicant's eligibility for aid within 15 working days from the date of receipt of the Immediate Need payment request.

.911 The 15-working-day time frame shall apply to an Immediate Need request that was denied because the need was met by another public program or private resource.
40-129 IMMEDIATE NEED (Continued)

.912 The 15-working-day time frame shall apply to an Immediate Need payment request that was denied because the emergency situation was a lack of housing and the need was met by the issuance of a homeless assistance payment.

.913 When the 15-working-day time frame cannot be met, the eligibility verification process shall continue.

.92 If verification of eligibility is completed, and the applicant determined eligible, the county shall compute the aid payment in accordance with the beginning date of aid rules at MPP 44-317.13.

.93 The amount of aid payment shall be the grant amount less any Immediate Need payment the county issued for that month.

.94 The county shall issue the payment as soon as administratively possible.

.95 When an Immediate Need payment has been issued, and the applicant family is determined to be ineligible for AFDC benefits, the application shall be denied.


40-131 INTERVIEW REQUIREMENT

.1 Interview Required Prior to Granting Aid

.11 A face-to-face interview with the applicant is required prior to the granting of aid. For the home visit requirement in AFDC, see Section 40-161.

.12 For any applicant who chooses to apply for both AFDC and food stamps, as specified in Section 40-107(a)(5)(B), the CWD shall conduct a single interview for both programs. AFDC applicants shall not be required to see a different eligibility worker or otherwise be subjected to two interview requirements to obtain the benefits of both programs.

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.121 Following the single interview, the application may be processed by separate workers to determine the eligibility and benefit levels for food stamps and AFDC.

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.2 Inability of Applicant to Participate in Interview

When the applicant's appropriate Statement of Facts is to be completed on his/her behalf by a guardian, conservator, or other person as provided in Section 40-128, the application interview must be with such guardian, conservator, or other person and also with the applicant unless the applicant is unable to participate because of his/her physical or mental condition or is a child in foster care. The applicant's inability to participate in the interview must be determined by the county through personal contact with the applicant. Such personal contact is required before aid is authorized.

.3 Content of Application Interview

The application interview shall include discussion of the following as pertinent:

(a) The meaning of the eligibility requirements for both cash grant and medical assistance.

(b) The applicant's responsibility for reporting all facts and for notifying the county immediately of all changes of circumstances material to a correct determination of eligibility and grant.

(c) The joint responsibility which the county and the applicant have for exploring all the facts concerning eligibility, needs and income, and the circumstances under which the applicant will be held responsible for presenting records or documents in his possession to support his statements.

This includes the circumstances under which the applicant will be asked to secure statements of their earnings and deductions from their employers and to report both to the county.

(d) The confidential nature of all information disclosed to the CWD including circumstances under which information may be released to law enforcement officials. See Section 19-004.4.

(e) The kinds of evidence which may be needed to establish eligibility. (See Section 40-157.)

(f) The fact that an investigation may be undertaken with the full knowledge and consent of the applicant.

(g) The purpose and provisions of appropriate public social service programs. (See Services Regulations.)

(h) The availability of appropriate services and resources within the agency, including family planning (See Section 40-107(f)(2)).

(i) The availability of assistance or service under some other program either public or private if the needed assistance or service cannot be met by the county department.
### INTERVIEW REQUIREMENT (Continued)

| (j) | The right to request a state hearing in relation to any action or inaction of the county, including a verbal explanation, in a manner and language which the applicant understands, of the nature of the state hearing process. |
| (k) | The purpose, provision, and availability of early and periodic screening, diagnosis and treatment services for children under the Child Health Disability Prevention (CHDP) program. |
| (l) | The responsibility of a parent to support his or her children and the right of the parent or caretaker relative living with the child for whom aid is requested to claim exemption from the cooperation requirements as provided in Section 82-512. The law requires as conditions of eligibility:  
  (1) the assignment of accrued spousal and child support rights for himself or herself and for all children required to be in the AU, and that the receipt of public assistance operates as an automatic assignment unless there is a written refusal to assign such rights; and  
  (2) cooperation in the identification and location of the absent parent, establishment of paternity, and establishment and enforcement of the support obligation unless exempted in accordance with the provisions of Section 82-512. |
| (m) | The furnishing of the Social Security Number (SSN) is a condition of eligibility required by Section 402(a)(25) of the Social Security Act, and that the SSN will be utilized in the administration of the AFDC Program. |
| (n) | The fact that information regarding his/her eligibility will be requested through the automated Income and Eligibility Verification System (IEVS) and will be used to aid in determining their eligibility for assistance. |
| (o) | The applicant's responsibility to apply for and take all appropriate steps to obtain specific benefits for which he/she appears to be potentially eligible. |
| (p) | Section 40-131.3(p)(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration. |
| (MR) | The availability of a reduced income supplemental payment and the necessity that an assistance unit request the payment in order for it to be provided. |
(MR) (See Section 44-400 regarding reduced income supplemental payments.)

(q) The applicant's responsibility to cooperate in a quality control review.

See Chapter 40-200, Quality Control Cooperation Requirements.

(r) The availability of transitional child care benefits and transitional Medi-Cal benefits for recipients who are discontinued from AFDC due to certain employment-related circumstances.

(1) The county shall be permitted to discuss this information either at application or at time of approval.

(s) The availability of program activities and supportive services of the GAIN Program for which applicants and recipients may be eligible. (See Sections 40-107(a)(6) and (a)(7).)

(t) The actions which constitute an IPV and the penalties to be applied to an individual who committed an IPV.

(u) At application and each annual redetermination, applicants/recipients shall receive an informing notice regarding the availability of Stage One child care (see Section 47-301.2).

(v) See Section 89-730 for the additional informing requirements for applicants subject to the California Work Pays Demonstration Project as specified in Division 89.

(w) The applicant's responsibility for identifying and providing information about third parties who may be liable for medical care and services.
40-131 INTERVIEW REQUIREMENT (Continued)

(x) The applicant's responsibility, as specified in Section 40-105.4(c), to secure age-appropriate immunizations for all children in the AU under the age of six. Applicants shall also be informed of any county-specific immunization requirements. This informing shall include but is not limited to the criteria for what constitutes good cause.

(y) The requirement that all school-age children in the AU must regularly attend school as specified in Section 40-105.5(a). Applicants shall also be informed of any county-specific school attendance requirements. This informing shall include but is not limited to: what constitutes irregular school attendance, the criteria for what constitutes good cause, time frames for complying, and the penalties for not complying.

(z) See Section 42-715 for instructions in handling the discussion of domestic abuse in the application interview process.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 10553, 10554, 10604, and 18904, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Sections 10613, 11209, 11253.5, 11265.8, 11323.3, 11324.8(a), AB 312, Chapter 1568, Statutes of 1990, 11495.1, 11500(b), and 11511(a), Welfare and Institutions Code; Section 37 of AB 444 (Chapter 1022, Statutes of 2002); 7 U.S.C. 2020(i), 7 CFR 273.2(j), 42 U.S.C. 616(f), 682(c)(2), (3) and (4), 45 CFR 250.20, 45 CFR 250.40(a) and (b); 45 CFR 255.1; 45 CFR 256.1(b), and Section 301(a)(1)(A) and (B) of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-193): California's Temporary Assistance for Needy Families State Plan dated October 9, 1996 and effective November 26, 1996.

40-157 PRINCIPLES AND METHODS OF DETERMINING ELIGIBILITY

.1 Principles of Gathering Evidence

.11 All information secured in the process of determining eligibility shall be evaluated in light of its internal consistency.

.12 Each piece of evidence shall be evaluated in light of the motives and adequacy of knowledge of the person completing the record or document or making the statement.

.13 Evidence shall be evaluated qualitatively rather than quantitatively.

.14 When evidence is conflicting, inconsistent or incomplete, the investigation shall be pursued to the point that the preponderance of evidence supports the determination regarding the applicant's eligibility.

.2 Methods of Gathering Evidence

.21 The gathering of evidence necessary to make an eligibility determination of an applicant is a joint responsibility of the applicant and the county.
.211 The county shall inform the applicant what evidence is desired, why it is needed and how it will be used.

.212 The applicant shall cooperate with the county in the evidence gathering process to the fullest extent possible.

.213 When it is not possible for the applicant to obtain necessary evidence, the county shall obtain it for him.

.22 When needed in the evidence gathering process, and as evidence of the applicant's consent thereto, a specific consent form, signed by the applicant and, if necessary, by the spouse (by both parents in AFDC when this is possible) shall be obtained for each such contact. The consent form should cover the purpose of the specific contact as well as the individual or agency to be consulted. Form 228, Applicant's Authorization for Release of Information, may be used for this purpose. A signed consent form is not required when public records are used or for the purposes of verifying information obtained through IEVS in accordance with Section 20-006.5.

.3 Participation by the Applicant

If the applicant is able to assist in resolving incomplete, unclear or inconsistent statements on the Form CA 2 or is able to assist in the evidence gathering process but refuses to do either or both, the application shall be denied.

40-159 SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR DETERMINING ELIGIBILITY

.1 Aid Received Previously in Another County

When aid was received previously in another county, the county to which the recipient has moved will be responsible for determining the recipient's continued eligibility for payment of aid.

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For Medi-Cal eligibility, see Medi-Cal Eligibility Manual Section 50136.

HANDBOOK ENDS HERE

.2 Aid Received Previously in Another Program

When aid was received previously under another public social services program, or as medically needy only, the determination of eligibility made under such other program is to be used, to the maximum extent possible, in determining eligibility under this program. (See Section 40-185 and Beginning Date of Aid sections.)
40-161 HOME VISIT

A home visit prior to approval of aid and prior to completion of periodic redetermination of eligibility pursuant to 40-181.1 is required when living arrangements or other factors affecting eligibility, or apparent eligibility in cases of immediate need or diversion, cannot be satisfactorily determined without such a visit. However, the recipient's failure to comply with the provisions of Section 40-181.22 will result in the termination of the recipient's grant without the requirement of a home visit.


40-167 APPLICATION AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY PROCEDURE FOR APPLICANTS IN STATE HOSPITALS WHO ARE TO BE RELEASED


40-169 GAIN PARTICIPATION OR EMPLOYMENT REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS FOR PERSONS APPLYING FOR AFDC OR INCLUDED IN THE ASSISTANCE UNIT


40-171 ACTION ON APPLICATIONS, INTERPROGRAM TRANSFERS AND INTRAPROGRAM STATUS CHANGES

.1 Application Held Pending

.11 Action Deferred

When the individual, family, or child is ineligible at the time of application as provided in W&IC 11052 but it appears there will be eligibility within 60 days, action on the application is withheld. The applicant is notified of the withholding and of the date when action is to be taken. If the applicant is subsequently determined to be eligible, the beginning date of aid is determined as provided in the Aid Payment Chapter of these regulations.

.2 Actions -- General

Actions on applications consist of approvals, denials, withdrawals, or cancellations.

.21 Application or Request for Restoration Approved
.211 Application Granted -- General

If eligibility is established aid to begin at a specified time shall be authorized on the date
the determination of eligibility is completed.

(See Section 40-129 regarding applications granted on the basis of "immediate need"
prior to the completion of the determination of eligibility.)

.212 Certification for Medical Assistance

Every applicant who is determined to be eligible shall be certified for medical assistance.
If eligibility for medical assistance only is determined, the application is granted but is
designated as "medically needy" and the applicant is certified for medical assistance.
Certifications are to be made as provided in Medical Assistance Regulations, Title 22,
California Administrative Code, Division 3, (W&IC 14017). The effective date of
certification is determined as provided in Section 44-317.

.213 Restoration Following Discontinuance Due to Confinement in an Institution

Under this circumstance the county may elect to effect an "automatic restoration." To do
this, two authorization documents shall be approved at the time aid is discontinued. On
one form discontinuance is authorized. On the second form restoration of aid is
authorized with no effective date specified. Upon release of the recipient from the
institution the second authorization is completed by entering the effective date for
restoration. (See Aid Payment Chapter.)

When aid is restored to a former recipient who has not during the period of
discontinuance been known to the agency, the CA 2 shall be secured and any indicated
determination of eligibility completed before aid is paid.

.22 Application or Request for Restoration Denied

.221 County action shall be taken to deny aid if:

a. Proof of ineligibility for public assistance or for certification for medical
   assistance as medically needy is obtained. This does not apply when the
   applicant will become eligible with 60 days of his application. (See Section 40-
   171.11.)

b. All reasonable facts concerning eligibility are examined without establishing
   eligibility.
40-171 ACTION ON APPLICATIONS, INTERPROGRAM TRANSFERS AND
INTRAPROGRAM STATUS CHANGES (Continued)

c. The applicant's whereabouts is unknown.

d. The applicant fails to complete the Form CA 2.

e. Reserved

f. Reserved

g. Ineligibility occurs after the legal beginning date of aid but before action is taken to grant aid.

h. The applicant establishes residence in another state before the determination of eligibility is completed.

i. Failure to cooperate in providing evidence of eligibility in accordance with Section 40-126.344(b).

j. Refusal to cooperate in accordance with Section 40-105.1.

k. Any person required to provide fingerprint and photo images refuses or otherwise fails to do so.

.23 Application or Request for
Restoration Withdrawn

.231 An application can be withdrawn only upon the voluntary initiative of the applicant or person applying on his behalf. The request for withdrawal shall be in writing.

.232 There is no requirement that denial action be taken on an application which has been withdrawn.

.233 The Notice of Applicant Who Withdraws Application form is mailed or given to the applicant unless the county elects to take denial action, when the notification is by means of the appropriate Notice of Action form or its equivalent.
### 40-171 ACTION ON APPLICATIONS, INTERPROGRAM TRANSFERS AND INTRAPROGRAM STATUS CHANGES (Continued)

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>.24</td>
<td>Application or Request for Restoration Cancelled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.241</td>
<td>An application or request for restoration of a cash grant is considered cancelled if the applicant dies before the determination is completed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** Authority cited: Sections 10553 and 10554, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Sections 10830, 11201 (Ch. 270, Stats 1997) and 11275, Welfare and Institutions Code; and 42 USC 402(a)(6).

### 40-173 COUNTY DEPARTMENT RESPONSIBILITY FOR NOTIFYING APPLICANTS AND RECIPIENTS

Prior to county action (except as provided in .7 below), the applicant or recipient shall be (a) notified of any county action which relates to his application, affects aid payment to him or his certification for medical assistance, or affects aid payments to him or his family, and (b) informed of his responsibility for reporting facts material to the determination of his eligibility. Such notification, advice, etc., shall be in simple understandable language. Required notifications are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Notification</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>.1</td>
<td>Section 40-173.1(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-173.1(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(MR)</td>
<td>Notice of County Action Granting Aid, Changing the Amount of the Grant or Changing the Recipient's Status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(QR)</td>
<td>Notice of County Action Granting Aid, Changing the Amount of the Grant, Changing the Recipient’s Status or Not Changing the Amount of the Grant Following the Submittal of a Recipient Mid-quarter Report.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Use appropriate Notice of Action form. Use appropriate Notice of Action form to report county action authorizing a supplemental grant or changing status from a cash grant to MN. (See Section 40-183.)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
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<tr>
<td>.2</td>
<td>Notification When Application is Held Pending Eligibility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use appropriate Notice of Action form.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
.3 Notice of County Action Denying, Cancelling or Discontinuing Aid

Use appropriate Notice of Action form. (See Sections 22-021 and 22-022.)

.4 Notification When Application is Withdrawn

Use the Notice to Applicant Who Withdraws Application form. If the county elects to deny the application, use appropriate Notice of Action form.

.5 Notice to Recipient of His/Her Responsibility

Use the CA 2 instruction sheet to notify the recipient of his/her responsibilities according to Section 40-181. The notification shall be given at least the following times:

.51 At the time of the initial application on new cases or restorations.

.52 At the time of annual redetermination of eligibility.

.6 Confirmation of Guidance and/or Suggestions Regarding Sale of Property

Regarding the sale of his real or personal property, written confirmation given to the applicant or recipient. Such written confirmation shall include a statement regarding the effect of the proposed sale on eligibility. A copy of such confirmation shall be filed in the case record.

.7 Notification of Child/Spousal Disregard Payment

.71 An informational notice must be sent no later than concurrently with each child/spousal support disregard payment issued under Section 82-520.4. The notice language developed by the California Department of Social Services for this purpose shall be used.
.8 Section 40-173.8(QR) et seq. shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(QR) Notification of Income Reporting Threshold (IRT)

(QR) Counties must inform each AU in writing of their individual IRT at least once per quarter. Informing shall also occur when MAP amount changes, when the AU or family MAP size changes, when there is a change of persons who are required to report income, at redetermination, or upon recipient request. The informing notice shall include:

(QR) .81 The requirement to report the receipt of gross monthly income that exceeds the IRT;

(QR) .82 The dollar amount of gross monthly income for the family MAP that exceeds the IRT; and

(QR) .83 The consequences of failing to report.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 10553, 10554, and 10604, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Sections 10553, 10554, 10613, 11209, 11265.3, 11500(b), 11502(a) and (b), and 11511(a), Welfare and Institutions Code; 45 CFR 250.20; 45 CFR 250.40(b); 45 CFR 255.1; 45 CFR 256.1(b); 45 CFR 256.2(b)(1); 45 CFR 256.4(c); and Administration for Children and Families-Action Transmittal-91-1, dated June 16, 1992; and Section 301(a)(1)(A) and (B) of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-193): California's Temporary Assistance for Needy Families State Plan dated October 9, 1996 and effective November 26, 1996.

.1 General County Responsibility

(a) Section 40-181.1(a)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.1(a)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.
(MR) The CWD paying aid shall be responsible for continuing to determine eligibility to insure payment only to eligible recipients in the correct amount, to assist recipients to meet their financial and service needs as fully as possible, and to make maximum use of their resources and capabilities. For AFDC-FG or U cases, eligibility shall be established by the use of the CA 2 at the time of application and then at one year intervals, and also by the CA 7 (Monthly Eligibility Report).

(QR) The county paying aid shall be responsible for continuing to determine eligibility to insure payment only to eligible recipients in the correct amount, to assist recipients to meet their financial and service needs as fully as possible, and to make maximum use of their resources and capabilities. For CalWORKs cases, eligibility shall be established by the use of the SAWS 2 at the time of application and then at one-year intervals, and also by the QR 7, and by recipients mid-quarter reports (see Section 44-316(QR) also see Section 82-832.3(QR)).

(1) Section 40-181.1(a)(1)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(QR) Eligibility regarding deprivation, household/AU composition, property, and the transfer of assets for less than fair market value shall only be determined on a quarterly basis based on the information reported on the QR 7. The county shall compare the information reported on the QR 7 with mid-quarter recipient reports (see Section 44-316(QR)) for accuracy. (Also see Section 82-832.3(QR).)

(b) Section 40-181.1(b)(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) The CWD shall send the Reduced Income Supplemental Payment Request Form, CA 40, monthly to all assistance units which have reported income and for two months following a termination of reported income.

(c) AFDC-FC and Kin-GAP cases

(1) For AFDC-FC cases, eligibility shall be established by use of the CA 2 at the time of application if the parent or legal guardian is available and cooperating. If the parent or legal guardian is unavailable or not cooperating, eligibility shall be established by use of the CA 2 or FC 2. AFDC-FC eligibility shall be reestablished by use of the CA 2 or FC 2 at six-month intervals.
(2) For children receiving Kin-GAP, eligibility shall be established by use of the KG 2 at the time of application. Kin-GAP eligibility shall be reestablished by use of the KG 2 at one-year intervals.

(d) Section 40-181.1(d)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.1(d)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) Additional determinations shall be made as necessary if unexpected changes in income, property or other circumstances occur which affect the eligibility or grant level of the recipient.

(QR) Additional determinations shall be made as necessary if unexpected changes in income or other circumstances occur which affect the eligibility or grant level of the recipient in accordance with Section 44-316(QR).

(e) Issuance of aid in the correct amount is a primary program objective. To achieve this objective it is essential that the county shall:

(1) Section 40-181.1(e)(1)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.1(e)(1)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s Declaration.

(MR) Give applicants and recipients at the time of application and at least once every twelve months thereafter complete explanations in writing regarding factors which may cause ineligibility, underpayments or overpayments, penalties due to an IPV, and their responsibility to report changes within five calendar days (Section 40-105.14(MR), Applicant and Recipient Responsibility). The factors which are to be explained shall include changes in income and resources, changes in need, etc. These requirements are met by the use of the CA 2 in CalWORKs. These requirements are met by the use of the KG 2A in Kin-GAP. Verbal explanations shall also be given when necessary to assure understanding. The recipient shall signify his/her understanding of his/her responsibilities in writing.
(QR) Give applicants and recipients at the time of application and at least once every 12 months thereafter complete explanations in writing regarding factors which may cause ineligibility, underpayments or overpayments, penalties due to an IPV, and their responsibility to report changes as prescribed by Section 40-105.14(QR) (Applicant and Recipient Responsibility). The factors which are to be explained shall include changes in income and resources, changes in need, etc. These requirements are met by the use of the SAWS 2A-QR in CalWORKs. These requirements are met by the use of the KG 2A in Kin-GAP. Verbal explanations shall also be given when necessary to assure understanding. The recipient shall signify his/her understanding of his/her responsibilities in writing.

(2) Section 40-181.1(e)(2)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.1(e)(2)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) In CalWORKs, the monthly redetermination of eligibility shall follow the procedures described above. This requirement is met by the use of the CA 7. The CA 7 shall be carefully checked each month upon its receipt so that correct grant computations are made. Special care should be taken to correct grant adjustments for overpayments when income/resources change.

(QR) In CalWORKs, the quarterly redetermination of eligibility shall follow the procedures described above. This requirement is met by the use of the QR 7. The QR 7 shall be carefully checked each quarter upon its receipt so that correct grant computations are made. Special care should be taken to correct grant adjustments for overpayments when income/resources change.

(3) All applicants for, and recipients of, assistance shall be notified in writing at the time of application, and at each redetermination that information available through IEVS will be requested, used, and may be verified through collateral contact when discrepancies are found by the CWD, and that such information may affect his or her eligibility and level of benefits.
40-181 CONTINUING ACTIVITIES AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY

(Continued)

(4) In reunification cases, as defined in Section 80-301(r)(4), the parents shall be subject to a six-month CalWORKs eligibility redetermination based on the criteria in Section 40-181.2. The six-month period shall coordinate with the court’s review of the reunification plan.

(5) An eligibility redetermination shall be required to restore cash aid to the CalWORKs case when a family is reunified.

(f) Aid shall not be discontinued nor a warrant cancelled without compliance with Section 22-022.

(g) Section 40-181.1(g)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.1(g)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) Aid shall not be discontinued due solely to circumstances beyond the control of the recipient which prevents reporting changes within five calendar days or the prompt return of the CA 2 or CA 7 eligibility redetermination forms.

(QR) Aid shall not be discontinued due solely to circumstances beyond the control of the recipient which prevents reporting changes that are required to be reported within ten calendar days of the change or prevents the prompt return of the SAWS 2 or QR 7 eligibility redetermination forms.

(h) The county is responsible for continuing identification of service needs of the recipient, including medical assistance, and to provide prompt referral for these services.

(i) Referrals for child abuse and neglect are mandatory and may be made without the knowledge or consent of the relative or other person with whom the child is residing.

(1) Income Maintenance staff shall refer to protective services whenever they suspect a child is being abused, neglected or exploited or that the home in which the child is living is unsuitable.

(2) Income Maintenance staff shall cooperate with protective services, the court, or other agency in planning or implementing action in the best interest of the child.
(j) Index and file controls shall be established and maintained to ensure appropriate and timely action on items which could affect the recipients' eligibility or the amount of aid. This includes, but is not limited to, maintaining a "tickler file" informing eligibility workers when annual redeterminations are due.

(k) Documents and/or evidence required of the applicant/recipient to support the initial and/or continuing determination of eligibility must be received by the county on or before the appropriate deadline established by the county and/or in conjunction with each Eligibility Chapter or these regulations. However, when the deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the documents and/or evidence received on the first business day following the weekend or holiday shall have the same effect as if it had been received on the appointed day.

(l) At each annual redetermination, recipients shall receive an informing notice regarding the availability of Stage One child care (see Section 47-301.2).

(m) The county shall inform recipients in writing as specified in Section 40-105.4(c) of the requirement to obtain age-appropriate immunizations for all children in the AU under the age of six. Recipients shall also be informed of any county-specific immunization requirements. This informing shall include but is not limited to the criteria for what constitutes good cause, as defined by the county.

(n) The county shall inform recipients in writing of the requirement that all school-age children in the AU must regularly attend school, as specified in Section 40-105.5(a). Recipients shall also be informed of any county-specific school attendance requirements. This informing shall include but is not limited to: what constitutes irregular school attendance, the criteria for what constitutes good cause, time frames for complying, and the penalties for not complying.

(o) See Section 42-715 for general county responsibilities for addressing domestic abuse as part of continuing activities and eligibility determination.

.2 Periodic Determination of Eligibility

.21 A redetermination of all circumstances of the recipient subject to change shall be completed at least once every twelve (12) months. The applicant/recipient shall complete the appropriate Statement of Facts at the time of application and at least once every 12 months after determination of eligibility. At the time of the annual redetermination and completion of the appropriate Statement of Facts, each recipient shall be either given or mailed informational material required by SDSS.
CONTINUING ACTIVITIES AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY

.211 For AFDC-FG/U brochures describing benefits available under the Child Health and Disability Prevention (CHDP) program and how and where the benefits are provided within the county shall be given to the recipient during the redetermination interview specified in .311 below. Provisions of CHDP informational material shall be documented by notation upon the CA 2 form.

.212 Section 40-181.212(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) Recipients of AFDC-FG/U shall be informed of the availability of reduced income supplemental payments and of the necessity that an assistance unit request the payment in order for it to be provided.

.213 The determination shall be considered completed as soon as the appropriate Statement of Facts has been reviewed and a decision made and recorded by the Eligibility Worker as to whether eligibility continues or ineligibility exists. The next due date for completion of the Statement of Facts shall be established in relationship to this decision. In no event shall the decision on the completed Statement of Facts be delayed solely for the purpose of avoiding a change in the periodic due date of determination of eligibility.

.214 If a recipient's circumstances change in such a way that it is necessary to review certain aspects of eligibility before the next Statement of Facts is due, the county shall decide whether a new Statement of Facts shall be completed. If the county decides it is necessary that the Statement of Facts be completed before the scheduled redetermination date, the next due date shall be adjusted accordingly.

.215 If the recipient is receiving or is potentially eligible to receive unconditionally available income, including but not limited to Old Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) or benefits available to veterans of military service, it shall not be necessary to initiate a verification or referral procedure unless circumstances indicate a change in the recipient's eligibility for the benefit.

.216 If, during a redetermination, the county determines that a recipient is no longer exempt from cooperation requirements, the county shall enforce those requirements.
Section 40-181.217(QR) and Handbook Section 40-181.217(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(QR) If the redetermination process is established outside of the QR Data Month, the county shall act mid-quarter on all information to increase, decrease, or discontinue cash aid as appropriate.

 Counties are encouraged to align the CalWORKs redetermination period with the Food Stamp Program recertification period (Section 63-504) to the extent possible. In addition, counties are strongly encouraged to align the submission of the annual redetermination with the submission of the QR 7, so that the QR Data Month information is also the information used for the redetermination.

 Section 40-181.22(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.22(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) AFDC recipients other than AFDC-FC shall, in addition to the annual completion of the CA 2, complete and return the CA 7 to the County Welfare Department (CWD) by the 5th calendar day of each report month but not before the first calendar day of that month. CA 7s not received by the 11th of the month shall be considered late.

(QR) CalWORKs recipients shall, in addition to the annual completion of the SAWS 2, complete and return the QR 7 to the county by the 5th calendar day of each QR Submit Month but not before the first calendar day of that month. QR 7s not received by the 11th of the QR Submit Month shall be considered late.
.221 Section 40-181.221(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.221(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) Late CA 7s

(QR) Late QR 7s

(a) Section 40-181.221(a)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.221(a)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) When the CA 7 is not received by the eleventh day of the report month or the CA 7 is received but is not complete in accordance with the completeness criteria specified in Section 40-181.241(MR), the CWD shall send the appropriate discontinuance notice.

(QR) When the QR 7 is not received by the 11th day of the QR Submit Month or the QR 7 is received but is not complete in accordance with the completeness criteria specified in Section 40-181.241(QR), the county shall send the appropriate discontinuance notice.

(b) Section 40-181.221(b)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.221(b)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) When a CA 7 has not been received at the CWD after the notice of discontinuance has been sent, the CWD shall attempt to make a personal contact with the recipient either by telephone or in a face-to-face meeting. During the personal contact the CWD shall remind the recipient that a complete CA 7 must be received by the CWD no later than the first working day of the payment month.
(QR) When a QR 7 has not been received at the county after the notice of discontinuance has been sent, the county shall attempt to make a personal contact with the recipient either by telephone or in a face-to-face meeting. During the personal contact the county shall remind the recipient that a complete QR 7 must be received by the county no later than the first working day of the next QR Payment Quarter.

(1) When the recipient cannot be personally contacted, a written reminder notice, which shall include language specified by SDSS, shall be mailed no later than five days prior to the last calendar day of the report month. Under no circumstances shall the reminder notice be mailed in the same envelope as the discontinuance notice required in Section 40-181.221(a).

(c) The CWD shall document in the case file how and when the contact was attempted or made.

(d) Section 40-181.221(d)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.221(d)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) If the recipient contacts the welfare office on the first working day of the payment month to report nonreceipt of his or her warrant, the CWD shall inform the recipient of a pending discontinuance due to nonreceipt of a complete CA 7 and shall inform him/her that the discontinuance will be rescinded if a complete CA 7 is received by the end of that day.

(QR) If the recipient contacts the county on the first working day of the QR Payment Quarter to report nonreceipt of his or her warrant, the county shall inform the recipient of a pending discontinuance due to nonreceipt of a complete QR 7 and shall inform him/her that the discontinuance will be rescinded if a complete QR 7 is received by the end of that day.
40-181 CONTINUING ACTIVITIES AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY 40-181
(Continued)

(e) Section 40-181.221(e)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.221(e)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) The CWD shall not take action to notify the Child Support Enforcement Unit of the District Attorney's Office of any affected employment or training program of a CA 7 related discontinuance until after the first working day of the payment month.

(QR) The county shall not take action to notify the Local Child Support Agency or any affected employment or training program of a QR 7 related discontinuance until after the first working day of the next QR Payment Quarter.

.222 Processing Late CA 7s

(a) Section 40-181.222(a)(MR) et seq. shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.222(a)(QR) et seq. shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) If a complete CA 7 is received after the eleventh but on or before the first working day of the payment month, the CWD shall:

(MR) (1) Rescind the discontinuance action; and

(MR) (2) Determine eligibility based on the information reported on the CA 7; and


(QR) If a complete QR 7 is received after the 11th but on or before the first working day of the next QR Payment Quarter, the county shall:

(QR) (1) Rescind the discontinuance action; and

(QR) (2) Determine eligibility based on the information reported on the QR 7.
40-181 CONTINUING ACTIVITIES AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY

(Continued)

(b) Upon the request of the recipient, the CWD shall determine whether the recipient had good cause for failure to submit a timely report of earnings in accordance with Section 40-181.23.

.223 Section 40-181.223(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.223(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) In reunification cases, as defined in Section 80-301(r)(4), the parents are not required to submit a monthly eligibility report as long as the reunification plan remains in place.

(QR) In reunification cases, as defined in Section 80-301(r)(4), the parents are not required to submit a quarterly eligibility report as long as the reunification plan remains in place.

.23 Section 40-181.23(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.23(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) Good Cause Determination for Failure to Submit a Complete CA 7 Timely

(MR) A recipient may have good cause for not meeting the monthly reporting requirements. Good cause exists only when the recipient cannot reasonably be expected to fulfill his/her reporting responsibilities due to factors outside of his/her control. The burden of proof rests with the recipient.

(QR) Good Cause Determination for Failure to Submit a Complete QR 7 Timely

(QR) A recipient may have good cause for not meeting the quarterly reporting requirements. Good cause exists only when the recipient cannot reasonably be expected to fulfill his/her reporting responsibilities due to factors outside of his/her control. The burden of proof rests with the recipient.

.231 Section 40-181.231(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.231(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.
(MR) A good cause exemption shall only be granted if the request is made by the parent, other caretaker relative, or an authorized representative unless a good cause determination is required in accordance with Section 40-125.94(MR) (Requests for Restoration in the Calendar Month Following a CA 7 Discontinuance).

(QR) A good cause exemption shall only be granted if the request is made by the parent, other caretaker relative, or an authorized representative unless a good cause determination is required in accordance with Section 40-125.94(QR) (Restoration in the Calendar Month Following a QR 7 Discontinuance).

(a) Section 40-181.231(a)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.231(a)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) A request is defined as any clear expression to the CWD, whether verbal or written, that the recipient wants an opportunity to present his/her explanation for not meeting the monthly reporting requirements. A request for State Hearing also may be considered a request for good cause determination when the issue to be heard specifically relates to Section 40-181.22(MR).

(QR) A request is defined as any clear expression to the county, whether verbal or written, that the recipient wants an opportunity to present his/her explanation for not meeting the quarterly reporting requirements. A request for a State Hearing also may be considered a request for good cause determination when the issue to be heard specifically relates to Section 40-181.22(QR).

.232 In lieu of a request, as required by .231 above, a county has the discretion to independently determine that one of the situations specified in .233 below exists.

.233 Good cause exists in only the following situations:

(a) When the recipient is suffering from a mental or physical condition which prevents timely and complete reporting.

(b) When the recipient's failure to submit a timely and complete report is directly attributable to county error.

(c) When the county finds other extenuating circumstances.
.234 When the recipient has good cause for not reporting timely, the county shall rescind the discontinuance.

.24 Section 40-181.24(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.24(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) Criteria for Evaluating Information Reported on the CA 7

(QR) Criteria for Evaluating Information Reported on the QR 7

.241 Section 40-181.241(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.241(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) For CalWORKs purposes, a CA 7 is complete when all the following requirements are met:

(QR) For CalWORKs purposes, a QR 7 is complete when all the following requirements are met:

(a) Section 40-181.241(a)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.241(a)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) The date the CA 7 (Rev. 7/87) is signed shall be no earlier than the first day of the report month.

(QR) The date the QR 7 is signed shall be no earlier than the first day of the QR Submit Month.

(1) Section 40-181.241(a)(1)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.241(a)(1)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.
CONTINUING ACTIVITIES AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY

(MR) This requirement is met when the date entered on the CA 7 by the recipient, together with other dated material provided with the CA 7 and the date on which the CWD mailed or gave the CA 7 to the recipient, clearly establishes that the CA 7 was signed no earlier than the first day of the report month.

(QR) This requirement is met when the date entered on the QR 7 by the recipient, together with other dated material provided with the QR 7 and the date on which the county mailed or gave the QR 7 to the recipient, clearly establishes that the QR 7 was signed no earlier than the first day of the QR Submit Month.

Section 40-181.241(a)(2)(MR) et seq. shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) This requirement does not apply when:

(MR) (A) The first day of the report month falls on a nonpostal delivery day;

(MR) (B) The CA 7 is mailed by the CWD for delivery on the last postal delivery day of the budget month; and

(MR) (C) The recipient signs and dates the CA 7 on or before the last day of the budget month.

Section 40-181.241(b)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.241(b)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

The address along with other information provided on the CA 7 shall be sufficient for county administrative purposes, including the ability to locate the recipient; and

The address along with other information provided on the QR 7 shall be sufficient for county administrative purposes, including the ability to locate the recipient; and
(c) Section 40-181.241(c)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.241(c)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) The CA 7 shall be signed by each natural or adoptive parent or aided spouse of a parent or other caretaker relative living in the home, unless an individual so specified is temporarily absent from the home (see Section 82-812); and

(QR) The QR 7 shall be signed under penalty of perjury by each natural or adoptive parent or aided spouse of a parent or other caretaker relative living in the home, unless an individual so specified is temporarily absent from the home (see Section 82-812); and

(d) (Reserved)

(e) Section 40-181.241(e)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.241(e)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) The response to all questions pertaining to AFDC eligibility and grant amount shall provide the CWD with information sufficient to answer the question. The information provided on the CA 7 together with the submitted evidence must be sufficient for the county to determine eligibility and/or grant amounts. This includes the income and any change in resources of a stepparent living in the home, and any person who is required to apply for aid under Section 40-118 but is excluded from the assistance unit. Reported income shall include earned, unearned, exempt, and nonexempt income received during the budget month; and

(QR) The response to all questions pertaining to CalWORKs eligibility and grant amount shall provide the county with information sufficient to answer the question. The information provided on the QR 7 together with the submitted evidence must be sufficient for the county to determine eligibility and/or grant amounts. This includes the income and any change in resources of a stepparent living in the home, and any person who is required to apply for aid under Section 40-118 but is excluded from the AU. Reported income shall include earned, unearned, exempt, and nonexempt income received during the QR Data Month and income reasonably anticipated to be received during the next QR Payment Quarter; and
(f) Section 40-181.241(f)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.241(f)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) Evidence shall be submitted with the CA 7 to verify the gross amount of all earned income received and the date of receipt. Evidence shall be submitted to verify initial receipt of or a change in the amount of unearned income received. Such evidence includes but is not limited to: pay stubs, letters of award or benefits (such as unemployment, disability, or Social Security), statements showing interest income, dividend income, tax return showing the amount of EIC received, etc. Documents and records submitted with the CA 7 shall be promptly returned to the recipient; and

(QR) Evidence shall be submitted with the QR 7 to verify the gross amount of all earned income received and the date of receipt. Evidence shall be submitted to verify initial receipt of or a change in the amount of unearned income received. Such evidence includes but is not limited to: pay stubs, letters of award or benefits (such as unemployment, disability, or Social Security), statements showing interest income, dividend income, tax return showing the amount of EIC received, etc. Documents and records submitted with the QR 7 shall be promptly returned to the recipient; and

(g) Section 40-181.241(g)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.241(g)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) Information reported on the CA 7 must be consistent with other information which the county has verified to be accurate; and

(QR) Information reported on the QR 7 must be consistent with other information which the county has verified to be accurate; and

(h) Section 40-181.241(h)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.241(h)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) The CA 7 shall include form CA 72 (as defined in .25(MR) below) when the recipient is a sponsored alien.
The QR 7 shall include form QR 72 (as defined in Section 40-181.25(QR)) when the recipient is a sponsored alien.

Section 40-181.241(i)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.241(i)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s QR/PB Declaration.

The Supplemental Monthly Income Report (CA 73) shall be submitted with the CA 7 when a minor parent (see Section 44-133.51) lives with his/her senior parent. The completeness of the CA 73 shall be determined using the criteria for evaluating the completeness of the CA 7.

The Senior Parent Quarterly Income Report (QR 73) shall be submitted with the QR 7 when a minor parent lives with his/her senior parent (see Section 89-201.5). The completeness of the QR 73 shall be determined using the criteria for evaluating the completeness of the QR 7.

Failure to provide the information or evidence specified in .241(MR) above shall result in the discontinuance of the assistance unit unless otherwise specified in .25(MR) and .26(MR) below. (See Section 40-181.22(MR).)

The following information or evidence shall be provided before the appropriate deduction or disregard from earnings is allowed:

(a) Verification of self-employment expenses (see Section 44-113.212(MR)).

Section 40-181.244(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.244(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s Declaration.

Failure to provide the information or evidence specified in .243 above shall result in the disallowance of the deduction. Failure to provide the information on the form or to provide the evidence shall not, in and of itself, render the CA 7 incomplete as defined in .241(MR) above.
Failure to provide the information or evidence specified in Section 40-181.243 shall result in the disallowance of the deduction. Failure to provide the information on the form or to provide the evidence shall not, in and of itself, render the QR 7 incomplete as defined in Section 40-181.241(QR).

.25 Sponsored Alien Reporting.

Section 40-181.25(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.25(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s Declaration.

(MR) In addition to the Monthly Eligibility Report (CA 7), the recipient who is a sponsored alien as defined in Section 43-119 shall report the income and resources of the sponsor.

(QR) In addition to the Quarterly Eligibility Report (QR 7), the recipient who is a sponsored alien as defined in Section 43-119 shall report the income and resources of the sponsor.

.251 Section 40-181.251(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.251(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s Declaration.

Reporting of the sponsor's income and resources.

(MR) The recipient shall submit a completed Sponsors Monthly Income and Resources Report (CA 72) to the CWD. The recipient is responsible for obtaining all information necessary to complete the CA 72 and for obtaining any cooperation necessary from the sponsor.

(QR) The recipient shall submit a completed Sponsors Quarterly Income and Resources Report (QR 72) to the county. The recipient is responsible for obtaining all information necessary to complete the QR 72 and for obtaining any cooperation necessary from the sponsor.

.252 Section 40-181.252(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.252(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s Declaration.
(Continued)

(MR) The CA 72 shall be due by the 5th calendar day of each month but not before the first calendar day of the report month. When the CWD has not received the completed CA 72 by the 11th calendar day of the report month, the recipient has not met the requirement for returning a complete CA 7. See Section 40-181.22(MR). The CA 72 shall be considered complete if all the following requirements are met:

(QR) The QR 72 shall be due by the 5th calendar day of the QR Submit Month but not before the first calendar day of the next QR Payment Quarter. When the county has not received the completed QR 72 by the 11th calendar day of the QR Submit Month, the recipient has not met the requirement for returning a complete QR 7. See Section 40-181.22(QR). The QR 72 shall be considered complete if all the following requirements are met:

(a) Section 40-181.252(a)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.252(a)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s Declaration.

(MR) Dated no earlier than the first day of the report month; and

(QR) Dated no earlier than the first day of the QR Submit Month; and

(b) The boxes for the address and county where signed shall be completed; and

(c) Signed by the sponsor and the recipient; and

(d) All questions and items pertaining to the income and resources of the sponsor shall be fully answered; and

(e) The information together with the submitted evidence must provide the CWD with the necessary information to correctly determine the amount of income and resources to be deemed to the recipient; and

(f) Section 40-181.252(f)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.252(f)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s Declaration.
40-181 CONTINUING ACTIVITIES AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY

(MR) Evidence shall be submitted with the CA 72 to establish the gross amount of income received by the sponsor, and the date of receipt. See Section 40-181.241(f)(MR) for examples of acceptable evidence.

(QR) Evidence shall be submitted with the QR 72 to establish the gross amount of income received by the sponsor, and the date of receipt. See Section 40-181.241(f)(QR) for examples of acceptable evidence.

.253 Section 40-181.253(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.253(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s Declaration.

(MR) A complete CA 7 includes form CA 72 (as defined in .251(MR) above) when a member of the FBU is a sponsored alien. The failure to provide a completed CA 72 on or before the 1st calendar day of the payment month shall result in discontinuance for those members of the FBU who are sponsored aliens.

(QR) A complete QR 7 includes form QR 72 (as defined in Section 40-181.251(QR)) when a member of the AU is a sponsored alien. The failure to provide a completed QR 72 on or before the 1st calendar day of the next QR Payment Quarter shall result in discontinuance for those members of the AU who are sponsored aliens.

.26 Section 40-181.26(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.26(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s Declaration.

(MR) Failure to report or verify the receipt of a child/spousal support disregard payment issued under Section 43-203.11 will not result in an incomplete CA 7 nor in termination of aid.

(QR) Failure to report or verify the receipt of a child/spousal support disregard payment issued under Section 82-520.2 will not result in an incomplete QR 7 nor in termination of aid.
RECEPTION AND APPLICATION
GENERAL

40-181 CONTINUING ACTIVITIES AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY 40-181
(Continued)

.3 Methods of Periodic Determination of Eligibility

.31 Regulations governing the method of the initial determination also govern all continuing and periodic determinations. (See Sections 40-157 and 40-161.)

.311 Annual redeterminations, using the CA 2 form, shall include an interview with the parent or person responsible for the child. Where the parent is institutionalized, the interview should be conducted with the person having the responsibility for care and control of the child. This interview shall include a discussion of the recipient's responsibility to cooperate in a quality control review [see Section 40-131.3 (q)].

.312 Section 40-181.312(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.312(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's Declaration.

.312 (MR) Monthly redeterminations using the CA 7 form, or special nonscheduled investigations conducted by the county, may include an interview with the parent or person responsible for the child.

.312 (QR) Quarterly redeterminations using the QR 7 form, or special nonscheduled investigations conducted by the county, may include an interview with the parent or person responsible for the child.

.32 Section 40-181.32(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-181.32(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s Declaration.

.32 (MR) The recipient's statements or the statements of his/her guardian or any other person acting for him/her and completing the appropriate Statement of Facts and CA 7(s), together with information obtained from all other sources, shall be assessed in the light of facts previously known and in relation to potentials for change in eligibility status or amount of grant.

.32 (QR) The recipient's statements or the statements of his/her guardian or any other person acting for him/her and completing the appropriate Statement of Facts and QR 7(s), together with information obtained from all other sources, shall be assessed in the light of facts previously known and in relation to potentials for change in eligibility status or amount of grant.
.33 Failure to comply with the requirements of any periodic determination of eligibility shall result in a fraud penalty if the recipient is found to have committed an IPV.

.4 Verification of Eligibility Through IEVS

.41 The county shall verify the eligibility of, and amount of assistance for, each applicant and recipient for aid through IEVS by:

.411 Submitting applicant information to IEVS as specified in Sections 20-006.211 and .212.

.412 Requesting on a quarterly basis income and eligibility information through IEVS for recipients in accordance with Section 20-006.22; and

.413 Including, for the purposes of .411 and .412 of this section, any other individuals whose income and resources are considered in determining the amount of assistance to the extent that the county collects the SSN of such individuals.

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(a) Other individuals whose income and resources are considered in determining the amount of assistance include, unless otherwise exempted by state or federal rule:

(1) Stepparents and senior parents living with the assistance unit;

(2) Individuals excluded due to ineligible alien status;

(3) Individuals who are excluded due to sanction or due to failure to cooperate in meeting a condition of eligibility; or

(4) The sponsor of a sponsored alien and the sponsor's spouse, if living with the sponsor.

(b) For instance, if the county obtains the SSN of an ineligible alien parent living with the assistance unit, the number must be submitted to IEVS. However, if the number is not available for submission to IEVS, the assistance unit's eligibility shall not be affected.

HANDBOOK ENDS HERE
CONTINUING ACTIVITIES AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY

.42 The county shall act on all information received through IEVS in accordance with the procedures specified in Section 20-006.4 and .5.

.5 Determination of Eligibility During Absence From the State, County or Country

.51 A recipient who leaves the state, county, or country is responsible for informing the county paying aid immediately of his/her departure and of changes in his/her living plan, income, and needs. If absent from the state, he/she is also required to inform the county of his/her residence intent. If in the state but absent from the county paying aid, he/she is required to give information from which the county can determine if an intercounty transfer is in order (see Section 40-187). If the recipient leaves the state, the county shall immediately determine his/her residence intent and take appropriate action as provided in Chapter 42-400.

.52 Except for children receiving Kin-GAP, when a periodic determination of eligibility is due during a recipient's temporary absence from the state or county, the Statement of Facts (CA 2) shall be sent to a welfare agency in the locality. Such agency shall be requested to interview the recipient, secure the signed CA 2 and return it with a report on the recipient's plan regarding his/her living arrangements, current needs and income, if he/she is out of state.

.53 If it is not possible to secure the signed form and report through the agency within a reasonable time, direct request shall be made to the recipient to submit a completed form with a statement of his/her living arrangements, income and needs, and his/her intent as to residence out of state.

.54 If a periodic determination of eligibility is due within the transfer period (see Section 40-185) the county currently paying aid requests the county to which the case is being transferred to make the periodic determination.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 10553, 10554, 10604, 11203, 11265.1, 11369, and 18904, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: 42 U.S.C. 616(b) and (f); 45 CFR 233.28 and 233.29(c); and 45 CFR 235.112(b); 7 CFR 273.16(b); Sections 10063, 10553, 10554, 10604, 11008, 11203, 11253.5, 11254, 1125, 11265, 11265.1, 11265.2, 11265.3, 11265.8, 11280, 11450.12, 11451.5, 11486, and 11495.1, Welfare and Institutions Code; Section 37 of AB 444 (Chapter 1022, Statutes of 2002); and Section 301(a)(1)(A) and (B) of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-193): California's Temporary Assistance for Needy Families State Plan dated October 9, 1996 and effective November 26, 1996.
Each assistance program has the following integral parts:

(a) cash grants for maintenance with medical assistance, and

(b) medical assistance for the medically needy.

.1 Intraprogram Status Change -- Defined

An intraprogram status change means change in status from one part of the same program to the other, i.e., from cash grant to medically needy and vice versa within the same program and changes between CalWORKs and AFDC-FC, or AFDC-FC and Kin-GAP, or CalWORKs and Kin-GAP. (See Sections 40-183.5 and 44-317.6.)

.2 Using Same Case Number and Record

It is recommended that the same case number and the same case record be utilized for aid and/or medical assistance certifications under either part of the program. The case is then designated by program as cash grant or medically needy, according to which ever is appropriate at the time.

.3 Circumstances in Which Status Change is Appropriate

An intraprogram status change is appropriate under the following circumstances:

.31 The recipient becomes ineligible for a continuing cash grant but is eligible for certification for medical assistance as a medically needy person within the same program or

.32 Circumstances of the person who has been certified as medically needy change so that upon application for AFDC or request for restoration as specified in Section 40-121 he/she is eligible for cash assistance for his/her maintenance needs within the same program.

.4 Change From a Cash Grant Recipient to Medically Needy

When the recipient becomes ineligible to a continuing cash grant but remains eligible for medical assistance as a medically needy person, the cash grant shall be discontinued. The discontinuance notice shall indicate that only the cash grant is terminated and that the recipient continues eligible as medically needy. Any necessary change in his certification for medical assistance to reflect his change in status from recipient to a medically needy person, shall be made.
.5 Change From Medically Needy to Cash Grant Recipient

Application for AFDC as specified in Section 40-121, and determination of eligibility to receive an AFDC cash grant are necessary before the status of a medically needy person may be changed to that of an AFDC recipient. A new Statement of Facts (CA 2) is required only when a periodic determination of eligibility is due or there has been some significant change in circumstances which gives a basis for questioning eligibility for AFDC. See Section 40-181.212. When all eligibility criteria are met for AFDC, the grant shall be authorized and the authorization document shall indicate a status change from medically needy to AFDC cash grant. Any necessary change in his/her certification from medical assistance, to reflect his/her change in status from a medically needy person to an AFDC cash grant recipient, shall be made.


.1 Interprogram Transfer -- Defined

An Interprogram Transfer is a transfer from one cash grant program to another, which is completed without interruption in aid payment.

.2 When Interprogram Transfer Initiated

An interprogram transfer shall be made to AFDC when a recipient in one program applies for and is determined to be eligible for AFDC

.3 Repealed by Manual Letter No. EAS-91-02, effective 2/1/91.

.1 The following definitions pertain to intercounty transfer (ICT) and intercounty collection (ICC) procedures in Sections 40-188 through 40-197.

.11 30-Day Transfer Period

The 30-day transfer period begins with the postmarked date or the date of the electronic transfer of the notification of the ICT. When the 30th day falls on a Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday, the first business day following the weekend or holiday is considered to be the last day of the 30-day transfer period.
.12 Expiration of Transfer Period

The end of the month following the 30-day transfer period after the first county either mails or electronically transfers the notification of the ICT to the second county or the end of the month in which aid is discontinued for cause, whichever is earlier. By mutual agreement of the counties involved, the transfer of responsibility may occur at an earlier date.

.13 First County

The county from which the recipient has moved.

.14 Intercounty Transfer

A transfer of responsibility for determination of eligibility and for provision of social services from one county to another.

.15 Second County

The county to which the recipient has moved to make his home.

.16 Transfer Period

The period of time in which the second county determines eligibility and the first county remains responsible for payment of aid.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 10553, 10554, 10604, 11053, and 11102, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Sections 10553, 10554, 10604, 11450.018(a) and (b) and 11452.018(a), Welfare and Institutions Code.

.1 First County

The first county shall:

.11 Notify Second County

Notify the second county of the initiation of a case transfer in writing using the “Notification of Intercounty Transfer” form or via electronic data transfer.

.111 Foster Care

Notify the second county of the initiation of a case transfer in writing by form FC 18 (2/97) "Notification of AFDC-Foster Care Transfer" or via electronic data transfer.
.12 Inform Recipient

Inform the recipient in writing of his/her responsibility to immediately apply for a redetermination of eligibility in the second county to avoid a break in aid.

.121 Foster Care

For children receiving AFDC-FC, where there is a legal guardian for the child, the first county shall inform the legal guardian in writing of his/her responsibility to apply for a redetermination of eligibility in the second county.

.13 Provide Documentation

Provide the second county within seven working days from the date that the first county notifies the second county of a case transfer (per Section 40-188.11), with copies of the most recent:

.131 CalWORKs

CA 1/SAWS 1 (Application for Cash Aid, Food Stamps and/or Medical Assistance).

.132 CalWORKs

Welfare-to-Work plan (See Section 42-711.6).

.133 CalWORKs-Incap

Medical verification of incapacity.

.134 Exempt AU Status

Verification of the AU's MAP exempt status.

.135 Foster Care

SAWS 1; FC 2/JA 2/KG2; SOC 158A; Birth Certificate/Alien Status; Social Security Number, FC 3/FC 3A; Voluntary Placement Agreement, Legal Guardianship Papers, or Court Order which establishes the authority for placement; Independent Living Plan; evidence supporting federal and/or state eligibility; and any other information necessary to determine eligibility.

.136 Maximum Family Grant Informing

Maximum Family Grant (MFG) informing notice or other documentation verifying that MFG informing requirements have been met (see Section 44-314).
### 40-188 TRANSFER PROCEDURE (Continued)

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<td>Verification of age-appropriate immunizations pursuant to Section 40-105.4(d), which the county has determined acceptable.</td>
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<td>Copies of any documents supporting the eligibility determination made by the first county when requested by the second county.</td>
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<td>Overpayment repayment record for overpayment(s) that will not be repaid before the end of the transfer period and will continue to be recouped by the second county through grant adjustment.</td>
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<td>.14</td>
<td>Determine Eligibility Section 40-188.14(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 40-188.14(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s Declaration.</td>
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<tr>
<td>(MR)</td>
<td>Determine continuing eligibility and amount of cash aid from the Monthly Eligibility Report due during the transfer period.</td>
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<td>Determine continuing eligibility and amount of cash aid from the most recent Quarterly Eligibility Report due during the transfer period. Once eligibility is determined, cash aid shall continue until the end of the QR Payment Quarter in which the transfer period ends.</td>
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.2 Second County  
   The second county shall:
   
   .21 Contact Recipient  
   Provide or send an appointment letter to the recipient, if the address is known. The letter shall include the address and telephone number of the county welfare office, an appointment date and time, and inform the recipient that the appointment may be re-scheduled, if needed. Aid shall not be stopped or suspended for the recipient’s failure to keep the first appointment during the transfer period. The county may also include with the appointment letter any additional forms needed to complete the redetermination of eligibility.
   
   .22 Redetermine Eligibility  
   Eligibility and grant amount shall be determined based on current circumstances using continuing recipient criteria. The county shall follow the provisions of Section 40-126.3 when processing the ICT. Continuing eligibility determination must be completed by the end of the transfer period as specified in Section 40-187.12.
   
   .23 Provide Information  
   Provide the first county with any information which might affect eligibility or the amount of cash aid during the transfer period.
   
   .24 Foster Care Legal Guardian  
   For children receiving CalWORKs, where there is a legal guardian for the child, make an effort to secure the cooperation of the legal guardian.
   
   .25 Foster Care Notification  
   Provide the first county with notification, written or via electronic data transfer, of the receipt and disposition of the transfer documentation.

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40-189 COUNTY IN WHICH RECIPIENT MAKES HIS/HER HOME

.1 Home County
A recipient is considered to "make his/her home" in the county in which he/she is physically residing.

.2 Exceptions
The following are exceptions to .1 above:

.21 Maintaining Home
The recipient is maintaining a home in a county other than the county in which he/she is physically residing with the intent of returning to that home within four months.

.211 Four-Month Limitation
The four-month period starts from the date the county paying aid determines that the recipient is "maintaining a home" in a county other than that in which he/she is physically residing.

.212 Fails To Return Home
If the recipient fails to return within the four-month period, he/she is considered to have moved to the county in which he/she is physically residing.

.22 Farm Labor Family
The four-month limitation does not apply to the recipient farm labor family that goes to another county to work when a home is maintained to which the family will return when not working.

.221 County of Responsibility
The county responsible for paying aid is the county where the farm labor family maintains a home. The home county continues to be responsible for aid payment until the family establishes a home base in another county.

.23 AFDC-FC Placement
In AFDC-FC, a child placed by a public agency or a private agency which has legal custody because the child was relinquished to them or a court has given them legal custody, shall be considered to make his/her home in the county in which the court having jurisdiction for the child is located, regardless of whether the child's placement is located in another county.
.24 Inpatient in Public or Private Health Care Institutions  
When the AU moves because a member of the AU must go to another county to be admitted to a public or private health care institution for inpatient care, the AU is considered to make its home in the first county. The AU must continue to maintain the existing home while out of the first county.

.25 Inpatient Released From State Hospital  
A recipient, who was part of an existing AU prior to entering a state hospital and is released from inpatient status in a state hospital, is considered to continue to make his/her home in the county where the AU resided prior to the AU member's admittance to the state hospital from which he/she was admitted for a period not to exceed three years following his/her release from the hospital.

.26 Medical Care in Another County  
When a member of an AU must go to another county solely because needed medical care is not available in the home county, the AU's home is considered to be the first county. The AU must continue to maintain the existing home while out of the first county.

.27 Kin-GAP  
In Kin-GAP, a child shall be considered to make his/her home in the county which had legal custody of the child pursuant to Section 40-125.8 immediately prior to the dismissal of dependency and establishment of the legal guardianship by the court.

.1 Initiation of Intercounty Transfer

An intercounty transfer shall be initiated immediately when:

.11 First County is Notified of Move

The first county is notified that the recipient has moved his/her permanent residence to another county.

.12 Foster Care Transfer

Responsibility for the child welfare services case management function of a child receiving AFDC-FC is transferred from an agency in one county to an agency in another county.

.121 Legal Guardian

The child's legal guardian changes his/her county of residence, the first county shall transfer the AFDC-FC case to the second county.

.13 Court Jurisdiction

Court jurisdiction for a child receiving AFDC-FC is received by a court that is located in another county.

.14 Kin-GAP Transfer

A Kin-GAP child has been receiving aid from a county other than the county of responsibility as identified in Section 90-105.2, the case should be transferred to the county of responsibility.

.2 Payment Responsibility

There shall be no interruption nor overlap in payment of aid when a recipient moves from one county to another county.

.21 Section 40-190.21(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director’s Declaration.

(QR) Quarterly Reporting Cycle

The second county shall establish the recipient's quarterly reporting cycle which may differ from the first county’s quarterly reporting cycle.

.22 General Rule

The first county is responsible for continuing eligibility and aid payment during the transfer period.
.23 Transfer of AU Members

When a child(ren) moves to the home of a new caretaker relative, who resides in the second county, the first county's responsibility for payment of CalWORKs during the transfer period is as follows:

.231 Creation of New AU

When the transfer of a child(ren) results in the creation of a new AU which consists of the transferred child plus one or more applicants for aid, the first county is responsible for eligibility and aid payment during the transfer period. The first county is responsible for adding the applicants to the existing AU in the first county.

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(a)

A child receiving CalWORKs from one county, the first county, moves to another county, the second county, to live with his mother. Also in the home are three of the mother's other children. The mother and the other children are unaided, but the mother requests aid for herself and also for these children.

The first county is responsible for eligibility and payment during the transfer period. The mother and children are added to the existing AU in the first county.

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.232 Addition to Existing AU

When a transferred child is added to an existing AU which consists of the transferred child and persons currently aided in the second county, the second county is responsible for eligibility and payment for the entire AU. The second county is responsible for adding the transferred persons to the existing AU in the second county.
A child receiving CalWORKs from the first county moves to a second county to live with his mother, who is receiving CalWORKs from the second county for her three other children. The mother requests aid for the transferred child. The second county becomes responsible for eligibility and payment. The first county discontinues its case with appropriate notice. The second county adds the transferred child to the existing AU in the second county if otherwise eligible. There is no break in aid for the transferred child.

When an intraprogram status change occurs during the transfer period, the first county is responsible for determining continuing eligibility and the aid payment until the end of the transfer period.

If the intraprogram status change is from medically needy to cash grant status, see Sections 40-125.3 and 40-183.5 for county responsibility for determination of eligibility and payment of aid. Also, see medi-Cal Eligibility Manual Section 50136 for county responsibility for continued Medi-Cal eligibility.

Upon the expiration of the transfer period, the second county is responsible for the payment of aid.

The following are exceptions to the payment responsibilities rule specified in Section 40-190.2.

When an AU requests homeless assistance, see Section 44-211.515. The MAP amount for the county of residence is used.
.32 Foster Care Placement
No intercounty transfer is necessary when the first county places a child in a second county. The first county continues to be responsible for payment of aid.

.4 Discontinuance During Transfer Period
Responsibility of the first county ceases when payment of aid is discontinued during the transfer period.

.5 Overpayment Adjustment During Transfer Period

.51 First County
If the overpayment adjustment will continue beyond the transfer period, then the first county shall transmit the current repayment record and notify the second county to continue the overpayment adjustment upon expiration of the transfer period.

.52 Second County
When the intercounty transfer is completed, the second county shall continue to recoup the overpayment by grant adjustment until:

.521 Repaid in full
The overpayment is repaid in full, or

.522 Intercounty Transfer
The recipient moves to a subsequent county and, pursuant to an intercounty transfer, that county assumes responsibility for collection of the overpayment, or

.523 Aid is Discontinued
Payment of aid is discontinued, at which time the second county is responsible for recouping the balance of the overpayment through appropriate collection procedures.

.53 Retain Collections
Regardless of where the overpayment originated, the county that collects the overpayment will retain the amount collected and receive any collection incentives.

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See Sections 44-351 and 44-352, overpayment recovery and recoupment.

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.1 Recipient Responsibility

Where aid is discontinued for cause during the transfer period, and the recipient does not appeal the discontinuance through the state hearing process but wishes to reapply due to a change in his/her circumstances, he/she must reapply for aid with the county in which he/she currently resides.


40-193 GRANT REDUCED DURING TRANSFER PERIOD 40-193

Renumbered to Section 40-190 by Manual Letter No. EAS-97-07, effective 5/1/97.

40-195 TRANSFER PROCEDURE 40-195

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.1 Referring Dispute to Department of Social Services (DSS)

When a county wishes to refer a dispute to DSS, a letter, signed by the director of the CWD, shall be sent in triplicate to DSS. The county shall also send copies of documents, correspondence, etc., which are pertinent to a determination of county responsibility and a summary of its contention in the dispute. The decision of DSS shall be final. When responsibility for payment is found to be in a county other than that paying aid, intercounty transfer shall be initiated. DSS will make any claim adjustments which are indicated based on a determination of county responsibility.

.2 Grant of Services During Dispute Period

In the event of a dispute, payment of aid to an otherwise eligible applicant or recipient, shall be provided by the county to which application is made or shall be continued by the county currently paying aid. Such payment shall continue pending the determination of the dispute and shall be subject to the claim adjustments provided in Section 40-197.1 above.
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