

# **TITLE XX BLOCK GRANT POST-EXPENDITURE REPORT**

**July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000**



Prepared by  
California Department of Social Services

Health and Human Services Agency  
State of California  
Gray Davis, Governor

# **TITLE XX SOCIAL SERVICES BLOCK GRANT**

## **POST-EXPENDITURE REPORT**

This report covers the period July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000 summarizing the activities and programs supported with Title XX funds.

Copies of this report are being provided to all 58 County Welfare Departments. Additional copies may be obtained through a request to the Department at the following address:

California Department of Social Services  
Budget Bureau  
744 P Street, M.S. 8-601  
Sacramento, California 95814

### **I. PROGRAM INTRODUCTION**

The public social services system in California is administered locally by the 58 Counties and is supervised by the State through the California Department of Social Services. The State-County system addresses four of the five statutory goals under Title XX (See Attachment I) through an array of social services administered by three divisions within the Department. These divisions are Disability and Adult Programs Division, Children and Family Services Division, and Community Care Licensing Division. Specific social services programs supervised by these divisions include In-Home Supportive Services, Child Welfare Services, Adoptions Program, Child Abuse Prevention, Community Care Licensing, and Deaf Access.

### **II. DEFINITION OF ADULT AND CHILD**

The definition of adult is a person who is eighteen years of age or older. The definition of a child for most programs is a person who is under eighteen years of age.

### **III. PROGRAM OUTLINES**

The following section is a description of the individual program areas. Each program description summarizes the types of activities supported and the categories and characteristics of the individuals served.

## **IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM**

The IHSS Residual Program provides supportive services to aged (49.2%), blind (3.5 percent), or disabled (47.3 percent) persons who are unable to perform the services themselves and who cannot remain safely in their homes unless supportive services are provided. Some of the supportive services include domestic services, heavy cleaning, nonmedical personal services, accompaniment to health related appointments, protective supervision, and paramedical services which make it possible to establish and maintain an independent living arrangement.

Most IHSS residual recipients are considered non-severely impaired (78 percent). The remaining recipients are defined as severely impaired (22 percent) needing assistance at least 20 hours per week to carry out activities of daily living such as dressing, oral hygiene and grooming, bowel and bladder care, feeding, meal preparation and clean-up, rubbing of skin to promote circulation, ambulation, and assistance with prostheses. The IHSS Residual Program served an average of 64,583 recipients, providing over 4.6 million hours of services each month during State Fiscal Year (SFY) 1999/00.

## **DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENTAL SERVICES**

Regional Centers are private nonprofit agencies which the Department of Developmental Services contracts annually to provide the services specified in the Lanterman Developmental Disabilities Act (W&IC, Division 4.5, Section 4602, et al.). Each regional center design reflects the maximum cost-effectiveness possible and is based on a service coordination model.

There are 21 regional centers which were selected based on geographic accessibility and population density. The catchment area boundaries for the regional centers conform to county boundaries or group of counties, except in Los Angeles County, which is divided into seven areas, each served by a regional center.

The program will serve any person believed to have a developmental disability. Any person believed to have a high risk of parenting a developmentally disabled infant shall be eligible for initial intake and assessment services in the regional centers. In addition, the program will serve any infant having a high risk of becoming developmentally disabled. A child less than 36 months of age whose genetic, medical, or environmental history is predictive of a substantially greater risk of developmental disability than the general public is a "high-risk infant". The total regional center California community population was estimated to be 159,045 in SFY 1999/00.

## **ADOPTIONS PROGRAM**

California's Public Agency Adoptions Program assures that children in public foster care who can benefit from adoption and whose parents are unwilling or unable to rear them are placed in suitable permanent adoptive homes.

Services provided by public adoption agencies include counseling parents prior to accepting a parent's relinquishment of the child, accepting into custody for purposes of adoptive placement children relinquished by their parents or freed by the court, placing children in adoptive homes, accepting applications from persons seeking to adopt a child, conducting home studies to approve adoptive families, and supervising the family after the adoptive placement has been made up to the time of court approval of the adoption through an adoption decree.

Approximately 6,243 children in public foster care were adopted in SFY 1999/00. Of the children placed 79.6 percent exhibit physical or emotional problems and 48.2 percent were born with a positive drug toxicity screen indication.

### **OFFICE OF CHILD ABUSE PREVENTION**

The Office of Child Abuse Prevention (OCAP) serves as a statewide center for public and private child abuse prevention, intervention, and treatment programs. Services are provided at the local level through 58 counties supporting approximately 207 projects. Overall, OCAP aims to provide preventive services to families and vulnerable children at risk of abuse.

Intervention and treatment services are available to abused children and abusive caretakers. Training and technical assistance is provided to professionals working in State funded child abuse prevention programs.

The programs focus on such things as professional family counseling, dealing with the stresses and situations that can cause child abuse, temporary respite care for children of high risk families in times of crisis, and educational services that range from parenting classes to professionals who enter the home to do more intensive training.

### **COMMUNITY CARE LICENSING**

The Community Care Licensing Division (CCLD) is a regulatory enforcement program with the responsibility of protecting the health and safety of children and adults residing or spending a portion of their time in out-of-home care.

This is accomplished through the three components of the program:

- Prevention - The reduction of predictable harm by screening out unqualified applicants and by providing applicants and licensed providers with information regarding the laws and regulations concerning the operation of CCLD facilities.
- Compliance - The process which ensures that CCLD facilities are operated according to applicable laws and regulations. Compliance is maintained through

facility inspection, issuing deficiency notices, and providing consultation regarding the correction of deficiencies.

- Enforcement - A range of corrective actions (from civil penalties to facility closure) taken when a provider fails to protect the health and safety of people in care or is unwilling to maintain compliance with licensing laws and regulations.

There are 16 licensing categories including Adoption Agencies, Adult Day Care, Adult Day Care Support Centers, Adult Residential Facilities, Child Care Centers, Community Treatment Facilities, Family Child Care Homes, Foster Family Agencies, Foster Family Homes, Group Homes, Residential Care for the Chronically Ill, Residential Care for the Elderly, Small Family Homes, Social Rehabilitation Facilities, Sub-Employment Registry, and Transitional Housing Placement.

In SFY 1999/00 there were 26,058 state and county licensed residential programs and 55,658 state and county licensed child day care programs, serving a combined capacity of approximately 1,301,804 children and adults.

### **DEAF ACCESS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM**

The Deaf Access Assistance Program (DAP) is created to assure that State and local government programs are routinely adapted to meet the communication needs of the 2.9 million in California who are deaf and hard of hearing. In addition, the DAP is designed to enable children, adults, and families to receive all the benefits and services they are entitled to. DAP services are provided through a statewide network of eight regional public charitable non-profit organizations. DAP service agencies provide assistance in finding qualified/certified sign language interpreters, advocate to assure persons who are deaf and hard of hearing receive equal access to public services, job development and placement; information and referral, education about communication aids and assistive technology, counseling independent living skills, and community education about deafness and hearing impairments.

During SFY 1999/00, approximately 534,214 (duplicated) persons in California received DAP services. Approximately 66 percent of the persons who received services report themselves as "deaf", 5 percent described themselves as "hard of hearing", 26 percent described themselves as "hearing" and 2 percent said they were "deafened". One percent did not report or used general terms, such as "hearing impaired". Less than one percent of the total number are both deaf and blind.

**California Department of Social Services**

**Program Application to Title XX Goals**

<b>STATE PROGRAM</b>	<b>GOAL 1</b>	<b>GOAL 2</b>	<b>GOAL 3</b>	<b>GOAL 4</b>	<b>GOAL 5</b>
<b>In-Home Supportive Services</b>			<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	
<b>Child Welfare Services</b>			<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	
<b>Adoption Assistance Program</b>			<b>X</b>		
<b>Child Abuse Prevention</b>			<b>X</b>		
<b>Developmental Services</b>			<b>X</b>		
<b>Community Care Licensing</b>			<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	
<b>Deaf Access Assistance Program</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>		

Goal 1: Achieving or maintaining economic self-support to prevent, reduce, or eliminate dependency.

Goal 2: Achieving or maintaining self-sufficiency, including reduction of prevention of dependency.

Goal 3: Preventing or remedying neglect, abuse or exploitation of children and adults unable to protect their own interests, or preserving, rehabilitating or reuniting families.

Goal 4: Preventing or reducing inappropriate institutional care by providing for community-based care, home-based care, or other forms of less intensive care.

Goal 5: Securing referral or admission for institutional care when other forms of care are not appropriate, or providing services to individuals in institutions.

**ANNUAL REPORT OF SERVICES FUNDED BY THE  
SOCIAL SERVICES BLOCK GRANT (SSBG)  
FOR FISCAL YEAR: SFY 1999-00**

STATE: California

Contact: Susan Lussier  
Title: Staff Services Manager  
Date: February 28, 2001

Report Covers Period of:  
July 1, 1999 - June 30, 2000

Service	Number of Recipients					Expenditures						Provision Method		
	Adults	C	Children	C	Total	Total \$	C	SSBG \$	C	SSBG \$ Per Adult	SSBG \$ Per Child	C	Public	Private
1 <b>Adoption Services</b>	38,648	A	44,423		83,071	94,776,000	A	1,330,490	A	16	16	E	X	X
2 Case Management														
3 Congregate Meals														
4 Counseling Services														
5 <b>Day Care-Adult</b>	31,147	A			31,147	3,170,093	E	60,570	E	2		E		X
6 <b>Day Care-Children</b>			1,043,226	A	1,043,226	106,177,907	E	1,958,430	E		2	E		X
7 Educ/Training Services														
8 Employment Services														
9 Family Planning Services														
10 Foster Care Services-Adults														
11 Foster Care Services-Children														
12 Health Related Services														
13 <b>Home Based Services</b>	241,176	A	9,923	A	251,099	1,586,921,000	A	48,277,852	A	192	192	E		X
14 Home Delivered Meals														
15 Housing Services														
16 Indep/Trans Living Services														
17 Information & Referral														
18 Legal Services														
19 Pregnancy & Parenting														
20 <b>Prevention &amp; Intervention</b>	60,277	E	52,740	E	113,017	35,491,000	A	875,893	A	8	8	E	X	X
21 Protective Svcs-Adults														
22 Protective Svcs-Children														
23 Recreation Services														
24 Residential Treatment														
25 Spec Svcs-Youth at Risk														
26 <b>Special Svcs-Disabled</b>	589,253	A	104,006	A	693,259	1,629,331,000	A	114,200,000	A	165	165	E		X
27 Substance Abuse Services														
28 Transportation														
29 Other Services														
30 Other Expenditures														
a. Transfers In (From TANF)								0						
b. Transfer Out														
c. Carry Forward														
d. Carry Over														
e. Administrative Costs								49,934,865						
<b>TOTAL</b>								<b>3,455,867,000</b>						
								<b>216,638,100</b>						