

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES

744 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814



March 5, 1998

ALL-COUNTY LETTER NO. 98 - 14

TO: ALL-COUNTY WELFARE DIRECTORS

Reason For This Transmittal

- ☐ State Law Change
- ☒ Federal Law or Regulation Change
- ☐ Court Order or Settlement Agreement
- ☐ Clarification Requested by one or More Counties
- ☐ Initiated by CDSS

SUBJECT: IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES (IHSS): ALIEN PROVISIONS OF THE
PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY AND WORK OPPORTUNITY RECONCILIATION
ACT OF 1996 (HR 3734)

REFERENCE: ACL 96-52, ACL 96-68, ACL 97-34, ACIN I-47-95

This letter is to provide County Welfare Departments with the codes and definitions to identify the alien status or citizenship of IHSS recipients on the Case Management, Information and Payrolling System (CMIPS). Counties may use the attached list of codes to begin the identification of the new cases that are being flagged according to ACL 96-52 and the ongoing cases that were identified on the Listing of Alien Statuses distributed to counties in October 1996. Also, all other cases will require alien status or citizenship identification during annual reassessment. Counties are advised that additional alien status verification resources are already available within the counties. The resources are the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) Systematic Alien Verification of Eligibility (SAVE) system and an automated interface with the Social Security Administration (SSA) through the Income Eligibility Verification System (IEVS). In addition, ACIN I-47-95 contains an alien reference guide developed by Santa Clara County which was distributed to assist in determining alien status, or citizenship.

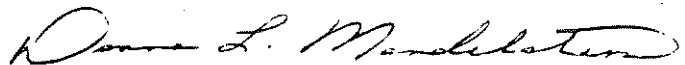
The alphanumeric codes shown on the attached list identify the categories of aliens based on HR 3734 (Public Law 104-193) requirements and information obtained from the INS, the SSI program and comparable California welfare programs. Also included on the list are the various citizenship categories. The codes should meet both the current identification requirements and future needs to identify the citizenship or alien statuses of IHSS recipients. The codes are to be used in the two character Citizenship Field F3 on the SOC 293 Assessment document and the CMIPS Recipient Eligibility A (RELA) screen. In addition to the codes for aliens and citizens, the Primary Diagnosis Field F2, which was reserved for later use, has been reassigned and increased in size to six characters

for the entry of a numeric month and year date (MM/YYYY) to record a date of status/entry from INS documents. The date entry will be used to provide a method to meet time tracking needs including an alien's conditional time-limited Supplemental Security Income (SSI) eligibility, the time-limited deeming of a sponsor's income applied toward the IHSS share of cost for SSI sponsored aliens, and the time an alien has been in the United States. Currently, the alien status codes F, Refugee; H, Asylee; I, Alien with Deportation Withheld; U, Cuban/Haitian Entrants; and V, Amerasians, conditionally have a 7 year time limit on eligibility for federal benefits that begins from the INS status/entry date. The aliens with conditional time-limited eligibility will use the alpha code alone for an alien with continuous eligibility and the alpha code with a numeric 7 for an alien with time-limited eligibility. The alien status of Lawful Permanent Resident without 40 quarters of work, code C, would be the most likely to have the deeming of the sponsor's income applied.

Effective Wednesday, April 1, 1998, implementation of a check on the Primary Diagnosis Field F2 and the Citizenship Field F3 in the Add and Change modes will begin. During the initial phase, which is anticipated to last approximately 8 months, the F2 and F3 fields will be optional entries. This initial phase will provide counties with the opportunity to enter codes on a flow basis. After the initial phase, the F3 field will become a required entry and the F2 field will be left blank or changed to zeros for citizens to indicate continuous eligibility or have a MM/YYYY date entry for alien statuses to meet the time tracking needs. Automated reports using the F2 field will alert counties of the expiration of time-limited eligibility due to alien status, or of the expiration of deeming of the sponsor's income toward the IHSS share of cost and possible eligibility for the Personal Care Services Program (PCSP). The SOC 293 TAD and the RELA screen will display the alien/citizen alphanumeric code in Citizenship Field F3. The Primary Diagnosis Field F2 will be blank or zeros for citizens or a MM/YYYY date for aliens. On the RELA screen only, the heading for the F2 field will be changed to read INS DATE. An Electronic Bulletin Board (EBB) notice will be released in conjunction with this ACL to provide more detailed information.

Please call Craig Tanaka at (916) at 229-4017 regarding your CMIPS implementation questions, or you may call Martha Eszlinger at (916) 229-4599, or Sharen Scott at (916) 229-4597 regarding your policy questions.

Sincerely,



DONNA L. MANDELSTAM

Deputy Director

Disability and Adult Programs Division

Attachment

Codes for the Recipient Citizenship Field, F3, on SOC 293 & RELA Screen

Codes	Description	Identification & Verification
A	<p>United States (U. S.) Citizen by birth</p> <p>This includes those born in the U.S. or its territories or born to or adopted by parent(s) who are U.S. Citizens. Persons born in U.S. territories are citizens or U.S. nationals entitled to enter the U.S. for permanent residence at any time without going through immigration procedures.</p> <p>Birth in the U.S.</p> <p>Fifty States & Washington D.C.</p> <p>Birth in U.S. Territories</p> <p>American Samoa</p> <p>Guam</p> <p>Northern Mariana Islands</p> <p>Puerto Rico</p> <p>Swain's Island</p> <p>Virgin Islands</p>	<p>Verification of citizenship/nationality for those claiming birth in the U.S. or a U.S. territory includes any of the following:</p> <p>Certified copy of birth certificate showing U.S. birth</p> <p>Certified copy of religious record of baptism showing U.S. birth</p> <p>Military Discharge Papers (DD 214)</p> <p>U.S. passport</p> <p>Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) Identification Form</p> <p>Certificate of Citizenship from the INS</p> <p>Certificate of Naturalization from the INS</p> <p>Resident Citizen Identification Card, INS Form I-197 or I-179</p> <p>Similar proof of date and place of birth</p>
	<p>Birth in a former Trust Territory</p> <p>The former Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands was dissolved in 1986 and four separate sovereign nations were created.</p> <p>The Northern Mariana Islands (Main islands are Saipan, Tinian & Rota)</p> <p>Citizens of the Northern Mariana Islands were declared citizens of the U.S. under Public Law 94-241 and 99-239, if certain conditions are met.</p> <p>The person must have been issued either of the specified documents.</p>	<p>Verification of status for those claiming birth in any of the former Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands, for each sovereign nation, are:</p> <p>U.S. Passport, or</p> <p>Certificate of Identity issued by the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.</p> <p>Those who do not provide either document are considered aliens and must meet the INS alien status requirements.</p>
	<p>The Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia</p> <p>The Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia are considered Freely Associated States. Citizens of either former territory are allowed to enter the U.S. to live, work or study and are considered indefinite legal residents.</p>	<p>INS Form I-94 with an admission stamp followed by the notation "CFA/MIS" and is stamped "Employment Authorized".</p>
	<p>The Republic of Palau</p>	<p>Nothing specified. Must meet the INS alien status requirements.</p>

Codes	Description	Identification & Verification
A Cont'd	<p>United States (U. S.) Citizen by birth (Cont'd)</p> <p>Births or Adoptions occurring outside of the U.S. [Citizenship derived from U.S. Citizen parent(s)].</p> <p>Derivative citizenship can be obtained by certain persons born abroad of U.S. Citizen parent(s). It can also be obtained by persons who derived citizenship when their parents were naturalized, and by children adopted by U.S. Citizens.</p> <p>Birth outside of the U.S. where at least one parent is a U.S. Citizen.</p>	<p>Verification of status for those claiming derivative U.S. citizenship by birth to, or adoption by, U.S. Citizen parent(s), for each condition, are:</p> <p>Department of State Form FS 545, or Department of State Form DS 1350, or U.S. Passport, or A birth certificate issued by a foreign government and registered with the American consulate.</p> <p>U.S. citizenship is indicated if the document has all of the following: A written statement to this effect, and the official stamp of the consulate, and is signed by an officer of the consulate.</p> <p>A birth certificate that is only stamped by the INS at the time the child enters the U.S. is not, in itself, proof of citizenship or alien status. Obtaining either status is a separate INS procedure.</p> <p>INS form N-560 or form N-561, or U.S. Passport</p>
B	<p>Naturalized U. S. Citizen</p> <p>Naturalization is the process by which a lawful permanent resident becomes a U.S. citizen. Persons who have met all INS criteria to become Naturalized Citizen receive a "Certificate of Naturalization" INS Form N-550 or a replacement certificate, Form N-570.</p>	<p>Verification for those claiming to be Naturalized U. S. Citizen includes any of the following:</p> <p>INS Form N-550 or N-570 (replacement) U.S. Passport</p>

Codes	Description	Identification & Verification
C	<p>Sponsored alien with Lawful Permanent Resident (LPR) status under the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA), identified in section 431(b)(1) of H.R. 3734, without 40 qualifying quarters of work.</p> <p>LPR status includes those aliens who have lawfully immigrated to the U.S.; or have entered with an immigrant visa; or adjusted their status after entering as a non-immigrant, refugee, or asylee. LPRs under the INA have permission to live and work permanently in the U.S.; can travel outside of the U.S. and return, as long as they do not abandon their U.S. residence; can apply for naturalization to become a U.S. citizen after 5 years (3 years if married to a U.S. citizen); and are eligible to bring family members to reside in the country.</p>	<p>Verification for an alien with Legal Permanent Resident status is shown by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I-94 that states "Processed for I-551. Temporary evidence of lawful admission for permanent residence valid until _____ Employment authorized." This is documentation of permanent residence even if it is beyond the expiration date, or I-551 which replaced the I-151, AR3 and AR3a, or Foreign passport stamped showing temporary evidence of Lawful Permanent Resident Status, or I-327 "Re-Entry Permit" which is given to a Lawful Permanent Resident when traveling outside of the U.S.
D	<p>Un-sponsored alien with LPR status under the INA, without 40 qualifying quarters of work. (Refer to Code C for definition)</p>	<p>Refer to Code C for explanation and verification on Lawful Permanent Resident status under the INA.</p>
E	<p>Alien with LPR status under the INA, identified in section 431(b)(1) of H.R. 3734, with 40 qualifying quarters of work.</p> <p>The 40 qualifying quarters of work was included as part of the SSI eligibility requirements in Sections 402 (a)(2)(B)(ii) and 402 (b)(2)(B)(ii) of HR 3734. Section 435 of HR 3734 allows inclusion of quarters earned by a spouse or parent.</p> <p>40 qualifying quarters of work:</p> <p>Quarters are the four, three month long, periods of the calendar year ending March 31, June 30, Sept. 30 and Dec. 31. Social Security credits are earned by working at a job or self-employment. 4 credits maximum per year can be earned. In addition to the recipient's, the following quarters may be credited:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A natural or adoptive parent's while the recipient was under the age of 18. A step-parent's during the time married to the natural or adoptive parent and the recipient was under the age of 18. The relationship exists if terminated by the death of the step-parent, but ceases at divorce. A current spouse's during the marriage. A former spouse's during the marriage, if the marriage ended by death. <p>Individuals cohabiting and representing themselves to the community as husband and wife. Quarters are not counted if the relationship was terminated other than by death.</p>	<p>Refer to Code C for explanation and verification on Lawful Permanent Resident status under the INA. Information regarding the 40 qualifying quarters of work verification is below.</p> <p>40 qualifying quarters of work verification (Reference: ACL 96-68, & ACL 97-34):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If quarters from another person are claimed a form SSA 3288, Consent for Release of Information, must be completed and signed for each person being claimed. No consent form is required if the recipient is claiming their own quarters or those of a deceased spouse or parent. Quarters earned subsequent to December 1996 cannot be counted if the recipient, their spouse or parent received any federal means-tested public benefits during the period for which the quarter was credited.

Codes	Description	Identification & Verification																																								
E Cont'd	Aliens with Lawful Permanent Resident status with 40 qualifying quarters of work (Cont'd)	40 qualifying quarters of work verification (Cont'd)																																								
	Before 1978: A credit was earned for each calendar quarter of work, or four quarters annually from self-employment earnings, or for agricultural wages	Before 1978, credits are earned as follows: A credit for each calendar quarter in which an individual was paid \$50.00 or more in wages (including agricultural wages for 1951-1955); Four credits for each taxable year in which an individual's net earnings from self-employment were \$400 or more; and/or A credit for each \$100 of agricultural wages (limit to a total of 4) paid during the year for years 1955 through 1977																																								
	1978 and later: Credits are based solely on the total yearly amount of earnings. All types of earnings follow this rule. The amount of earnings needed to earn a credit is different and increases for each year.	1978 through 1997, the amount of earnings needed for each credit is: <table><tr><td>1978</td><td>.....\$250</td><td>1988</td><td>.....\$470</td></tr><tr><td>1979</td><td>.....\$260</td><td>1989</td><td>.....\$500</td></tr><tr><td>1980</td><td>.....\$290</td><td>1990</td><td>.....\$520</td></tr><tr><td>1981</td><td>.....\$310</td><td>1991</td><td>.....\$540</td></tr><tr><td>1982</td><td>.....\$340</td><td>1992</td><td>.....\$570</td></tr><tr><td>1983</td><td>.....\$370</td><td>1993</td><td>.....\$590</td></tr><tr><td>1984</td><td>.....\$390</td><td>1994</td><td>.....\$620</td></tr><tr><td>1985</td><td>.....\$410</td><td>1995</td><td>.....\$630</td></tr><tr><td>1986</td><td>.....\$440</td><td>1996</td><td>.....\$640</td></tr><tr><td>1987</td><td>.....\$460</td><td>1997</td><td>.....\$670</td></tr></table>	1978\$250	1988\$470	1979\$260	1989\$500	1980\$290	1990\$520	1981\$310	1991\$540	1982\$340	1992\$570	1983\$370	1993\$590	1984\$390	1994\$620	1985\$410	1995\$630	1986\$440	1996\$640	1987\$460	1997\$670
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F or F7	Refugee - Alien lawfully admitted under section 207 of the INA, identified in section 431(b)(3) of H.R. 3734. Use the alpha code alone for alien with continuous eligibility or the alpha code with a numeric 7 for alien with time-limited eligibility.	Verification for a refugee alien under section 207 includes any of the following: INS Form I-94 referencing section 207 of the INA INS Form I-551 - with lawful permanent residence status INS Form I-571 - Refugee Travel Document INS I-688B indicating appropriate refugee code, plus additional INS verification.																																								

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G	<p>Refugee - Other types of refugee aliens, this includes:</p> <p>Aliens granted entry pursuant to 203(a)(7) of the INA.</p> <p>Aliens granted "conditional entry" pursuant to 203(a)(7) of the INA as in effect prior to April 1, 1980.</p>	<p>Verification for other types of refugee aliens includes any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INS Form I-94 referencing section 203(a)(7) of the INA INS Form I-551 - with lawful permanent residence status INS Form I-571 - Refugee Travel Document INS I-688B indicating appropriate refugee code, plus additional INS verification
H or H7	<p>Asylee - Alien granted asylum under section 208 of the INA, identified in section 431(b)(2) of H.R. 3734. Use the alpha code alone for alien with continuous eligibility or the alpha code with a numeric 7 for alien with time-limited eligibility.</p>	<p>Verification for an asylee alien under section 208 includes any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INS Form I-94 stating asylum granted per sec. 208 of the INA INS Form I-551 - with INS codes AS6, AS7, or AS8 INS I-688B with the "Provision of Law" citation: 274a.12 (a) (5) or 274a.12 (c) (8); and a letter from the U.S. Department of Justice, INS, or the INS district director granting asylum. Not all letters will be the same but they must state that asylum has been granted.
I or I7	<p>Alien with Deportation Withheld under section 243(h) of the INA, identified in section 431(b)(5) of H.R. 3734, or whose removal has been withheld under section 241(b)(3) of the INA. Use the alpha code alone for alien with continuous eligibility or the alpha code with a numeric 7 for alien with time-limited eligibility.</p>	<p>Verification for an alien with Deportation Withheld under section 243(h) includes:</p> <p>Order from an immigration judge showing that deportation has been withheld according to section 243(h) of the INA.</p>
J	<p>Alien with a stay of deportation or deportation withheld by other sections of the INA. This includes; indefinite stays of deportation and those under Sections 106 & 244.</p>	<p>Verification for an alien with a stay of deportation or withheld deportation by other sections includes any of the following:</p> <p>Order from an immigration judge showing that a stay of deportation has been granted or that deportation has been withheld. The order should show which section of the INA applies.</p>
K	<p>Alien Veteran - Alien who is a lawful resident and a veteran (Veteran as defined in Section 101 of Title 38, U.S. Code) with a discharge characterized as honorable and not on account of alienage.</p>	<p>Verification for an alien veteran includes the following:</p> <p>Dept. of Defense Form DD 214 and</p> <p>Any INS document or a foreign passport that indicates the alien veteran is lawfully residing in the U.S.</p>

Codes	Description	Identification & Verification
L	Alien Spouse of Veteran - Alien who is a lawful resident and the spouse of a veteran (Veteran as defined by Section 101 of Title 38, U.S. Code with a discharge characterized as honorable and not on account of alienage).	<p>Verification for an alien spouse of a veteran includes the following:</p> <p>Spouse's DD 214 and</p> <p>Any INS documentation or a foreign passport that indicates the alien spouse is lawfully residing in the U.S. and</p> <p>Any documentation indicating marriage to the veteran.</p>
M	Alien Child of Veteran - Alien who is a lawful resident and the unmarried dependent child of a veteran (Veteran as defined by Section 101 of Title 38, U.S. Code with a discharge characterized as honorable and not on account of alienage).	<p>Verification for an alien child of veteran includes the following:</p> <p>Parent's DD 214 and</p> <p>Any INS documentation or a foreign passport that indicates the alien child is lawfully residing in the U.S. and</p> <p>Any documentation indicating the alien is the unmarried dependent child of the veteran.</p>
N	Alien in military - Alien who is a lawful resident and on active duty, other than active duty for training, in the Armed Forces of the U.S.	<p>Verification for alien on active duty includes the following:</p> <p>Military ID card; Dept. of Defense Form 2 (Active) and</p> <p>Any INS document or a foreign passport that indicates the alien on active duty is lawfully residing in the U.S.</p>
O	Alien Spouse of military personnel - Alien who is a lawful resident and the spouse of a person on active duty, other than active duty for training, in the Armed Forces of the U.S.	<p>Verification for alien spouse of active duty personnel includes:</p> <p>Military ID card, DD Form 1173 for a dependent (Spouse) and</p> <p>Any INS documentation or a foreign passport that indicates the alien spouse is lawfully residing in the U.S.</p>
P	Alien Child of military personnel - Alien who is a lawful resident and the unmarried dependent child of a person on active duty, other than active duty for training, in the Armed Forces of the U.S.	<p>Verification for alien child of active duty personnel includes:</p> <p>Military ID card, DD Form 1173 for a dependent (Child) and</p> <p>Any INS documentation or a foreign passport that indicates the alien child is lawfully residing in the U.S.</p>
Q	Undocumented Alien - Undocumented aliens are not identified in H.R. 3734 as an exempted "Qualified Alien" that may be eligible for benefits.	HR 3734 makes ALL Aliens, except for certain exempted categories, ineligible.
R	Alien with Lawful Temporary Resident status is not identified in H.R. 3734 as an exempted "Qualified Alien" that may be eligible for benefits.	HR 3734 makes ALL Aliens, except for certain exempted categories, ineligible.

Codes	Description	Identification & Verification
S	Parolee - Alien paroled into the U.S. under section 212(d)(5) of the INA for at least 1 year, identified in section 431(b)(4) of H.R. 3734.	<p>Verification for a parolee alien under section 212(d)(5) includes any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INS Form I-94 referencing section 212(d)(5), or stamped "Section 207" of the INA. INS Form I-512 referencing section 212(d)(5) of the INA INS Form I-551 - with INS code M93 INS I-688B indicating: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Refugees: Section 274a.12(a)(4), or Humanitarian or Public Interest Parolee (HP) (PIP): Section 274a.12(c)(11). Plus additional INS verification
T	<p>Native American - American Indians born outside the U.S. who are under section 289 of the INA (8 USC 1359) or who are members of federally recognized Indian tribes under section 4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act [25 USC 450b(e)]. "Jay Treaty Indians" similar to section 289.</p> <p>Indians under section 289 of the INA (8 USC 1359)</p> <p>Section 289 of the INA (8 USC 1359) specifies American Indians born in Canada includes those who have at least 50% Indian blood shall be regarded as having been lawfully admitted for permanent residence.</p> <p>Jay Treaty Indians are North American Indians born in Canada who have at least 50% Indian blood fall under the "Jay Treaty" and can freely pass between the United States and Canada. Jay Treaty Indians are considered to be Lawful Permanent Residents when present in the U.S. They have to apply with the INS for this status.</p> <p>Indians under Section 4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act [(25 USC 450b(e))]</p> <p>Section 4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 USC 450b(e)) defines Indian tribe to mean any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community, including any Alaska Native village or regional or village corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act(85 Stat. 688) [43 USC 1601 et seq], which is recognized as eligible for special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians.</p>	<p>Verification for status under section 289 of the INA:</p> <p>The requirement as stated in section 289 - Lawful admission for permanent residence shall be recorded on Form I-181.</p> <p>Verification for status as a Jay Treaty Indian:</p> <p>In addition to INS and/or court documents, the person must have proof (including birth records) certifying that a Canadian-born person is of 50% Indian blood, such as affidavits from tribal officials to this effect, or other clear proof of this status.</p> <p>Verification for status under Section 4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act</p> <p>Nothing specified for documentation of status.</p>

Codes	Description	Identification & Verification
U or U7	Cuban / Haitian Entrant - Alien as defined in section 501(e) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980. Use the alpha code alone for alien with continuous eligibility or the alpha code with a numeric 7 for alien with time-limited eligibility.	Verification for a Cuban/Haitian entrant includes any of the following: INS Form I-94 endorsed with "Cuban/Haitian Entrant (Status Pending)", issued prior to 10/10/80 or stating "Parole", or referencing "Section 212(d)(5), or notation of "Form I-589 Filed" INS Form I-551 - with INS codes CH6 (IRCA); CU6, CU7, CU8, CU9, CU0; CUP; CU7P; CNP; CUX.
V or V7	Amerasian - Alien admitted to the U.S. under section 584 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1988 (as contained in section 101(e) of Public Law 100-202 and amended by the 9th proviso under "Migration and Refugee Assistance" in title II of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1989, Public Law 100-461, as amended.). Use the alpha code alone for alien with continuous eligibility or the alpha code with a numeric 7 for alien with time-limited eligibility.	Verification for Amerasian status includes any of the following: INS Form I-94 stamped with codes AM1, AM2, AM3 The I-94 is stamped on the front, in the upper right corner, "Processed for I-551. Temporary evidence of lawful admission for permanent resident. Valid until _____. Employment authorized." The back of the I-94 will show the Alien Number in box #20, the immigrant series beginning with 4 will be used. The unique identifier on the I-94 will appear in block #26, the comments section. INS Form I-551 stamped with codes AM6, AM7, AM8. Vietnamese Exit Visa or Vietnamese Passport if stamped with AM1, AM2, or AM3 U.S. Passport
Y	Other Alien Permanently Residing in U.S. Under Color Of Law (PRUCOL) - Includes all other SSI PRUCOL alien categories that do not have a CMIPS identification code. Refugees, asylees and aliens with deportation withheld are categorized as an alien PRUCOL by SSI, but have CMIPS identification codes. PRUCOL is terminology used for those aliens that have the appearance, but not the substance of legal INS status. This is any alien not lawfully admitted for permanent residence, but the INS has allowed the alien to remain in the U.S., and does not plan to enforce deportation.	HR 3734 makes ALL Aliens, except for certain exempted categories, ineligible.
Z	Other Alien - All other SSI alien categories, excluding those that are PRUCOL alien, that do not have a CMIPS identification code.	HR 3734 makes ALL Aliens, except for certain exempted categories, ineligible.